







WFP South Sudan Situation Report #147

10 October 2016

In Numbers

1.67 million internally displaced people (OCHA est.)

1,009,854 South Sudanese refugees (UNHCR est.)

202,019 people seeking shelter with the UN (<u>UNMISS</u> est.)

4.8 million people in emergency or crisis level food insecurity (IPC, May - July 2016)

Highlights

- UN Country Team launches ICF as interim UN development strategy for South Sudan.
- EMOP 200859 extended for one year through which WFP seeks to provide emergency food assistance for 3 million people.

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- On 6 October, WFP joined the UN Country Team to launch the Interim Cooperation Framework (ICF), the UN's short term development strategy in South Sudan. The ICF prioritizes resilience building, strengthening support to the most vulnerable, strengthening peace and governance, reinvigorating the local economy and improving the status of women and youth.
- A budget revision has extended WFP's Emergency Operation to September 2017; a budget revision is also underway for the Protracted Relief and Recovery Operation (PRRO). Through the EMOP, WFP seeks to provide life saving food and nutrition assistance to 3 million people through general food distributions (GFD) and blanket/targeted supplementary feeding for children and pregnant/nursing mothers. The EMOP shifts away from geographic targeting, recognizing deepening food insecurity country-wide and that areas affected by conflict have expanded beyond the Greater Upper Nile region. Through the PRRO, WFP will continue to support refugees as well as areas that have become more stable by implementing food assistance for assets (FFA), school meals and Purchase for Progress (P4P) activities.

WFP's Activities



Food Assistance

Beneficiaries (August 2016)





- There are nine ongoing Integrated Rapid Response Mechanism (IRRM) missions in Dablual, Thaker (Unity), Nyilwak, Wau Shilluk, Riang, Gum (Upper Nile) and Pultruk, Wai, Kurwai (Jonglei) where teams are providing assistance to 170,000 people. Currently there are 21 missions planned over the next month in the Greater Upper Nile region as well as Warrap State through which approximately 411,000 people will receive assistance.
- WFP and partners completed the first distributions of preventative nutrition support for children under five and pregnant/nursing mothers in Pamir refugee camp (Unity State). 322 people received support. The Pamir refugee camp was officially opened in September 2016 and currently has about 500 occupants.
- WFP plans to deploy mobile teams to Western Bahr el Ghazal for distribution of food assistance to populations south west of Wau. This intervention follows an assessment mission that was completed last month which found household food security to be constrained.









- Convoy 21 ex-Kosti (Sudan) successfully delivered 1,000 metric tonnes (mt) of cereals to Renk to meet October distribution requirements. In total this year, WFP has delivered 28,600mt of commodities from Kosti to Upper Nile state.
- The barge set ex-Bor to Malakal successfully completed the river journey, delivering 1,500mt of assorted commodities. So far, 200mt has been offloaded and will be used for October distributions. The barge moved in conjunction with UNMISS Force Protection due to security concerns along the river route and further barge movements are expected to do the same.

Clusters and Special Operations



UN Humanitarian Air Service (UNHAS)

- In the past week UNHAS transported 1,537 passengers and 26.7mt of light humanitarian cargo. Cargo movement has increased significantly since after the conflict in July as agencies intensify efforts to move relief materials to affected populations.
- UNHAS performed two special flights during the week in support of WHO's field mission to Kuajok as well as UNDSS' Security Risk Assessment missions to Rubkona.
- During the reporting period, UNHAS transported 1.3mt of cargo to Old Fangak in support of ECHO partners involved in Emergency Preparedness and Response activities.
- UNHAS also facilitated the reunification of six children with their families in Juba and Malakal.
- IRRM team deployments were supported to Aweil, Dablual, Gorwai, Gum, Kaikuiny, Kurwai, Mogok, • In Leer and Koch counties, ETC services to improve Nyanapol, Nyilwak, Pultruk, Riang, Thanyang, Tonga, Wai, Walgak and Wau Shilluk.



Food Security & Livelihoods Cluster (FSLC)

• In preparation for the 2017 Humanitarian Response Plan (HRP), the FSLC is working with partners to develop scenarios pertaining to the food security situation in South Sudan, expected contributions, and capacity to implement on an array of responses ranging from life-saving to resilience building.



Logistics Cluster

- Over the past week, the Logistics Cluster coordinated the delivery of 102mt of humanitarian relief items to Akobo, Aweil, Malakal, Mathiang, Mayendit, Old Fangak, Paloich, Rubkona, Toch, Waat and Wau on behalf of 17 organizations.
- Over 6mt of agricultural and nutrition cargo was delivered to Aweil. The Logistics Cluster is supporting humanitarian organisations with the transportation of emergency cargo to Aweil as it remains a priority location designated by the Inter-Cluster Working Group (ICWG).
- The most recent Access Constraints Map can be found at the following link: http://www.logcluster.org/map/ south-sudan-access-constraints-map-30-september-2016.



Feeder Roads

· Nothing significant to report.



Emergency Telecommunications Cluster (ETC)

- Out of 21 UN agencies operating in South Sudan, there are 18 who signed the memorandum of understanding for the Digital Mobile Radio (DMR) project. Over 75 percent of the costs to shared by the 18 signatory agencies have been received by WFP for Phase I and II of the DMR project implementation which will help to improve radio communications nation-wide.
- The analogue radio system will remain operational through the early stage of migration in Juba, Bor and Bentiu in Phase I and II. This will gradually be phased out with the implementation of the digital radio system. The rest of the country, however, will continue using the analogue radio system until the digital system deployment progresses from phase III to V of the migration.
- data connectivity through renewable energy power are expected to resume in the coming weeks, security permitting. Renewable energy power support equipment is ready for shipment to the sites.

| WFP Operations in South Sudan | | | |
|---|-------------------------------|---|---------------------------------|
| | 2016 Requirements (in USD) | 6 Months Net Funding Requirements (October 2016—March 2017) (in USD) | People Reached (August 2016) |
| EMOP 200859 (Oct 2015—Sept 2017) | 424.4 million | 286.5 million | 1,040,571 |
| PRRO 200572 (Jan 2014—Dec 2016*) | 277 million | 77.6 million | 1,427,051 |
| SO 200775 Food Security and Livelihoods Cluster (Jan 2015—Dec 2016) | 585,000 | 0 | N/A |
| SO 200778 Logistics Cluster (Jan 2015—Dec 2016*) | 36.2 million | 8.4 million | N/A |
| SO 200931 ETC (Jan-Dec 2016) | 663,000 | 0 | N/A |
| SO 200786 UNHAS (Jan 2015—Dec 2016) | 58.6 million | 9.2 million | N/A |

The Feeder Roads Special Operation has a total budget of US\$167.3 million, with a shortfall of US\$70.4 million.

2016 WFP South Sudan donors (listed alphabetically)*:



























*Includes donors that provided multi-year funding continuing in 2016 Not included: UN CHF, World Bank and Private Donors

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^{*}Budget revision in process.