





WFP LIBYA

Situation Report #13

Date: 08 June 2017

In Numbers

6.4 million total population (2017 HNO)

1.3 million people in need (2017 HNO)

256,615 people internally displaced (IOM)

175,000 people targeted for WFP food assistance (WFP)

Highlights

 Amidst persisting political instability and the deteriorating security situation in Libya, as well as the increase in food insecurity of IDPs, returnees and refugees in need of food assistance, WFP aims to scale up from its target figure of 90,000 in June to reach 175,000 food insecure individuals during the last quarter of 2017. WFP prioritizes those most vulnerable to food insecurity, including unemployed households headed by women.

Beneficiaries





Funding Update

Requirements EMOP 200925

USD 24.5 million (January to December 2017)

Net Funding Shortfall

USD 10 million (June—November 2017)



Situation Update

- Efforts to reach peace in Libya continue amidst persisting political instability and a deteriorating security situation. Fighting amongst militias continues throughout the country, causing heavy casualties. The UN Mission in Libya continues to document violence and threats by armed groups against civilians attempting to return to their homes.
- According to the latest Displacement Tracking Matrix (DTM) published by the International Organization for Migration (IOM Round 9, March 2017), there are 256,615 internally displaced people (IDPs), 227,866 returnees, and 351,382 migrants in Libya. According to IOM, the number of IDPs identified across the country decreased, with an increase in returnees returning to Sirt. 96 percent of IDPs initially left their homes due to threat or fear of general conflict and armed group presence. Across nearly all municipalities one of the main reported issues affecting IDPs and returnees a like was the increase of food prices.
- According to IOM, the main drivers of displacement for IDPs continue to be threat or fear from general conflict and armed group presence (reported for 91 percent of the IDP population).
- Civilians in Libya continue to suffer as a result of conflict, insecurity, political instability and a collapsing economy. According to the 2017 <u>Humanitarian</u> <u>Response Plan</u>, 1.3 million people are in need of emergency humanitarian assistance.

WFP Response

- In May, WFP reached 20,270 people in need out of a planned 90,0000. In April, WFP reached 39,886 people in need. The lower than planned numbers are due to a lack of funding and, for May, distributions starting late in the month because of late food arrival into the country.
- In mid-May, WFP launched a visibility campaign, filming food distributions in Libya and producing a social media video in both English and Arabic as well as a story of a female-headed household receiving WFP assistance within Libya, published on the WFP Insight channel. These are part of an ongoing effort to effectively relay the situation in-country and WFP's response.
- Despite having to reduce assistance due to limited funding, so far in 2017 WFP has been able to provide assistance to almost 78,000 individuals through onsite food distributions.



Food Assistance

- Beneficiaries targeted for WFP assistance receive a food parcel that includes rice, pasta, chickpeas, wheat flour, vegetable oil, tomato paste and sugar. The food basket represents approximately 75 percent of a person's daily nutritional requirement (1,560 kcal per person, per day). The monthly entitlement is packaged for a household of five people in two parcels of 30 kilograms each.
- According to the latest United Nations <u>Humanitarian</u>
 <u>Needs Overview</u> (HNO), ongoing conflict and
 instability have restricted access to basic services,
 led to forced displacement and impacted people's
 safety.
- As the conflict continues, access to essential household goods including basic food items has been significantly reduced. With food insecurity on the rise, families are resorting to negative coping methods such as cutting meals, taking their children out of school or reducing healthcare expenses.



Logistics

 WFP Logistics transports and delivers food consignments from Turkey, Tunisia and Egypt into the east and west of Libya. While WFP's local cooperating partners Sheikh Tahir Azzawi Charity Organisation (STACO) and Ayady Al Khair Society for Relief and Charity Work (AKS) distribute in the west and south of Libya, LibAid distributes in eastern Libya.

Partnerships

- WFP is working with a third-party monitor, Voluntas, to provide updated information on cooperating partners' distributions inside Libya. Voluntas monitors planned distributions and collects incountry food security data in eastern, western and southern Libya.
- WFP collaborates with the Libya UNCT and the Security Management Team to coordinate its activities with other United Nations agencies and to assess the political and security situation and the resulting impact on operations. WFP is currently exploring options to expand its operational partnership base and is conducting discussions with possible partners. WFP cooperating partners work closely with local crisis committees, which represent local communities.

Resourcing Update

- So far this year, WFP has received generous contributions of USD 1.3 million from the European Union, USD 743,500 from the Government of Canada, USD 700,000 from the Government of Japan and USD 700,000 from CERF.
- WFP requires USD 10 million in order to continue distributing food through November 2017. Without new funding, WFP will reduce the number of people it is feeding, all of whom urgently require food assistance.

Contacts

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WFP Operation						
	Total Requirements (in USD)	Total Received (in USD)	6 Months Net Funding Requirements (in USD)	People Reached (current distribution cycle)	Female	Male
EMOP 200925 (2017)	54.7 m	18.7 m	10 m	20 270	10 261	10 009

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