

## Format for Information Note of IR-EMOP Project Document

<b>TO:</b> Calum Gardner Director, RMBB	<b>DATE:</b> 11 December 2014
<b>FROM:</b> Praveen Agrawal Country Director, Philippines	<b>PAGE 1 OF 4</b> (Information Note- 2 pages; EMOP Budget- 2 pages)
<b>CC:</b> David Kaatrud Regional Director, OMB Stefano Porretti, Director of Emergencies, OME	

### IMMEDIATE RESPONSE EMERGENCY OPERATION Philippines, Immediate response to people affected by Typhoon Hagupit PROJECT DOCUMENT

#### PART 1: INFORMATION NOTE

##### NATURE OF EMERGENCY: Typhoon

1. **Location:** Municipalities in Visayas and Luzon
2. **Cause:** Typhoon Hagupit (known locally as Ruby) made its first landfall in the Philippines' Eastern Samar province as Category 2 on 6 December 2014 with maximum sustained winds of 175 km/h and gusts of up to 210 km/h. While crossing the Philippines, the typhoon lost strength and left the Philippine area of responsibility on 9 December 2014 as a tropical storm. The typhoon made landfall three times, with Masbate and Batangas province following Eastern Samar. Storm surges of about 4 to 5 metres along the coastal areas occurred accompanied with heavy rains and strong winds.
3. **Effects:** Strong winds along with heavy rains caused flash floods, landslides, and storm surges along coastal areas. Based on preliminary reports from the GoP, total damage to crops and infrastructure is estimated at PHP1.3 billion (approximately US\$28.3 million). For fisheries, production losses are estimated at to PHP48.2 million (approximately US\$1.1 million), while damage to the livestock sector amounted to PHP2.4 million (approximately US\$54,000).

Damage to various agro-fishery industries and equipment amounted to PHP30.0 million (US\$0.7 million). Damage assessments will continue so as to understand the full scale of the destruction to public and private infrastructure and of the interruption of critical and basic services.

##### WFP IR EMOP:

4. **Justification for an immediate response, expected impact:** WFP will launch an Emergency Operation (IR-EMOP) in the areas affected by Typhoon Hagupit to

provide life-saving and early recovery food assistance for people whose homes and livelihoods have been destroyed. Over the next three months, WFP is planning a response to provide food and cash response to people affected by the typhoon. WFP will augment the governments Department of Social Welfare and Development in its Emergency Response. Thus, WFP will contribute to the rice component of the package. High Energy biscuits will be used where cooking facilities are not available. Cash will be used to support 4P beneficiaries affected to best meet beneficiary needs, support local markets and be aligned with Government plans for the emergency response. Commodities are borrowed from the ongoing PRRO stocks in country but the purchase of additional HEB and rice as well as the provision of cash in support of 330,000 beneficiaries is required to be part of the immediate response. While the effect of the typhoon still needs to be assessed the Country Office (CO) is preparing for different scenarios and the proportion of cash vs food will likely be altered as the needs evolve.

5. **Duration of assistance (maximum three months):** 11 December 2014 to 10 March 2015
6. **Number of beneficiaries and location:** Some 330,000 beneficiaries in the most affected municipalities in the eastern Samar and other affected areas in the Visayas and Luzon
7. **Cash Transfer value:** US\$12 per person per months (US\$ 60 per household). This represents 60 percent of the household food needs and is the same transfer value used in some areas during the response to Typhoon Haiyan.
8. **Food basket composition and ration levels:** Households will receive 6 kg of rice as part of the government Family Package which also provides canned fish, corned beef, instant noodles and coffee for three days covering a five-person household. In addition, HEBs will be provide to vulnerable population groups, pregnant and lactating women, chronically ill and senior citizens.
9. **Total food aid requirements (mt):** 200 metric tonnes (100 metric tonnes of rice and 100 metric tonnes of high-energy biscuits).

**10. Mode of implementation:**

Both rice and HEBs will be provided through the distributions structures of the DSWD, which is targeting displaced households in evacuation centres. Food will be delivered to the DSWD family packaging points in the affected provinces and WFP will monitor distributions. A rapid assessment will be conducted as soon as air and road transport is possible.

WFP is planning to leverage the previous partnership with the Government of the Philippines to provide unconditional cash transfers through the 4Ps system and is exploring possibilities to address the food and nutrition requirements of people affected which are not covered by 4Ps. During Typhoon Haiyan, WFP was able to successfully distribute cash to over 500,000 beneficiaries using this platform within a short time frame.

WFP will support market recovery and provide the most appropriate assistance based on market conditions and food availability. The immediate objective is to increase the food consumption of the most vulnerable and where possible stimulate market recovery. From the Typhoon Haiyan experience, markets recovered rapidly and so WFP will shift to the use of more cash and reduction of in-kind assistance as quickly as this recovery allows.

WFP is coordinating with the government and other key stakeholders to ensure that food assistance is properly coordinated and sequenced to ensure complementarity and avoid duplication.

**PART 2: EMOP BUDGET**

<i>Cost Components</i>			<i>USD</i>
<b><i>Food Tool</i></b>	<b>MT</b>	<b>Rate/mt</b>	
<i>CER RICE</i>	100	711	71,100
<i>MIX HIGH ENERGY BISCUITS</i>	100	1176	117,600
<b>Total Food Transfers</b>	200	943.5	<b>188,700</b>
<b>External Transport</b>		37	<b>7,400</b>
<b>LTSH</b>		91.71	<b>18,341</b>
<b>ODOC Food</b>			<b>0</b>
<i>Describe ODOC costs here.</i>			
<b>Total Food DOC</b>			<b>\$ 214,441</b>
<b><i>Cash and Voucher Tool</i></b>		<b>% of Trfs</b>	
<b>Total Cash and Vouchers Transfers</b>			<b>403,008</b>
<b>C&amp;V Related costs</b>			<b>96,000</b>
<i>Describe C&amp;V Related costs here.</i>			
<b>Total C&amp;V DOC</b>			<b>\$ 499,008</b>
<b><i>Capacity Development &amp; Augmentation Tool</i></b>			
<i>Describe CD&amp;A costs here.</i>			
<b>Total CD&amp;A DOC</b>			<b>\$ 115,000</b>
Total Direct Operating Costs (DOC)			\$ 828,449
<b>Direct Support Cost (DSC)</b>			<b>\$ 106,125</b>
<i>Describe DSC costs here.</i>			
Total WFP direct project costs			\$ 934,575
<b>Indirect Support Costs (ISC)</b>		7%	<b>65,420</b>
<b>TOTAL WFP COSTS</b>			<b>\$ 999,995</b>

Please ensure formulas are updated by selecting the entire table and pressing F9.

**PART 3: EMOP APPROVAL**

1) IRA funding is available to cover EMOP budget

Chief, RMBB: [Name & Signature], Date: --/--/----

2) EMOP is approved

Regional Director, OMB: [Samir S. Wanmali (OIC ) for David Kaatrud],

## Annex 1 – Budget Summary

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