

# PROJECT BUDGET REVISION FOR APPROVAL BY THE CHIEF OF STAFF

5) To:	Division	Room	Approval and Date	
Mr. Jim Harvey Chief of Staff	OED	6G36		
4) Through:	Division	Room	Signature and Date	
Ms. Elisabeth Rasmusson Assistant Executive Director	PG	6G72		
3) Through:	Division	Room	Signature and Date	
Mr. Manoj Juneja Assistant Executive Director	RM	6G00		
2) Through:	Division	Room	Signature and Date	
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1) From:	Regional Bureau	Signature and Date		
Mr. Chris Nikoi Regional Director	RBJ			

## Republic of the Congo PRRO 200147 BR No. 8

Total revised number of beneficiaries	136,100
Duration of entire project	63 months
Extension / Reduction period	6 months (January – June 2016)
Gender marker code	1
WFP food tonnage	43 631

<b>Start date:</b> 01/03/2011 <b>End date:</b> 31/12/	New end date: 30/06/2016					
Food and Related Costs	Current Budget US\$ 46 300 888	Increase US\$ 960 055	<b>Revised Budget</b> US\$ 47 260 944			
Cash and Vouchers and Related Costs	Cash and Vouchers and Related Costs					
Capacity Development & Augmentation	Capacity Development & Augmentation					
DSC	US\$ 5 452 902	US\$ 130 412	US\$ 5 583 314			
ISC	US\$ 3 622 765	US\$ 76 333	US\$ 3 699 098			
Total cost to WFP US\$ 55 376 556 US\$ 1 166 800 US\$ 56 543 356						

CHANGES TO:			
Food Tool  ☑ MT ☑ Commodity Value ☑ External Transport ☑ LTSH ☑ ODOC	C&V Tool C&V Transfers C&V Related Costs	☐ CD&A ☑ DSC ☑ Project duration ☐ Other	Project Rates  LTSH (\$/MT)  ODOC (\$/MT)  C&V Related (%)  DSC (%)



#### NATURE OF THE INCREASE

- 1. This eighth budget revision to the Republic of the Congo Protracted Relief and Recovery Operation (PRRO) 200147 ("Assistance to Congolese Refugees from the Democratic Republic of the Congo in the Likouala Province of the Republic of the Congo") seeks to:
  - Extend the project in time by six months (January to June 2016), pending an agreement between the Governments of the Democratic Republic of the Congo (DRC) and the Republic of the Congo, the United Nations High Commissioner for Refugees (UNHCR) and WFP on the future of assistance to DRC refugees; and
  - ➤ Reduce the scale of the response during this period of extension to assist only 12,000 of the most vulnerable DRC refugees still remaining in the Likouala Province (a total of 17,000 people), acknowledging expected resource availability for the operation.

#### JUSTIFICATION FOR THE REVISION

### Summary of existing project activities

- 2. Since 2009, the Republic of the Congo has hosted some 115,000 refugees fleeing conflict in the Equateur region of DRC. At the request of the Government, WFP has provided monthly relief food assistance to these refugees through various operations. In 2013, UNHCR began a repatriation operation, through which some 98,000 refugees have returned home thus far. WFP has continued to assist the balance 17,000 individuals in 2015 (of which 47 percent are women).
- 3. Through PRRO 200147, WFP provides a monthly general food ration to refugees residing in the Likouala Province of the Republic of the Congo. The operation aims to protect their food and nutrition security until such a time as they are assessed to be self-sufficient or undergo repatriation. PRRO 200147 contributes to WFP Strategic Objective 1.<sup>1</sup>

#### Conclusion and recommendation of the re-assessment

- 4. The Republic of the Congo has a Gender Inequality Index value of 0.593, ranking it 137 out of 155 countries in the 2014 index. In Republic of the Congo, 12 percent of parliamentary seats are held by women, and 40 percent of adult women have reached at least a secondary level of education compared to 47 percent of their male counterparts. For every 100,000 live births, 410 women die from pregnancy related causes; and the adolescent birth rate is 126.7 births per 1,000 women of ages 15-19. Female participation in the labour market is 69 percent compared to 73 percent for men.
- 5. The findings of the August 2015 Post-Distribution Monitoring (PDM) demonstrate that 21 percent of refugees have poor or borderline food consumption: 44 percent of households in these categories are headed by women and 26 percent by young adolescents. The majority of DRC refugees engage in some form of income-generating activity (commonly agriculture, fishing, petty trade and daily wage labour). For this reason, the WFP food ration has been designed to provide 75 percent of minimum needs.

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Strategic Objective 1: Save lives and protect livelihoods in emergencies.



#### Purpose of change in project duration and budget increase

- 6. The Governments of DRC and the Republic of the Congo, UNHCR and WFP planned a series of consultations in the second half of 2015, to determine the future of assistance for DRC refugees still residing in the Republic of the Congo. However, these discussions have not yet taken place hence the need for a further extension of the current operation by six months (from January to June 2016).
- 7. As such, WFP will continue the provision of relief food assistance to DRC refugees for a six month period to allow for the conclusion of the discussions. Should the outcome of these discussions recommend that WFP's assistance is provided beyond this period, and / or plan for a repatriation programme for which WFP food assistance will be required, a new WFP response may be considered. If this is the case, a Joint Assessment Mission (JAM) with UNHCR would be conducted to inform the design of the new operation.
- 8. Owing to funding constraints, the repatriation of 500 refugees planned by UNHCR before December 2015 has not taken place; as such, the total number of refugees remaining in the Republic of the Congo still stands at 17,000. Acknowledging likely resourcing in 2016, WFP will target only the most vulnerable (12,000) of these refugees with monthly relief food assistance during the period of extension of this PRRO.
- 9. In identifying the most vulnerable refugees WFP and UNCHR uses a set of criteria which includes both: a) Medical related vulnerabilities (the physically and mentally ill and disabled persons) and b) Protection related vulnerabilities (female- and child-headed households, single parents, the elderly and victims of sexual and gender-based violence). These vulnerabilities are recorded during registration, asylum or protection monitoring and are entered into the unified UNHCR database proGres. To ensure on-going protection measures are in place, WFP and UNHCR conducts house calls and uses case tracking to identify people with special needs.

	TABLE 1: BENEFICIARIES BY ACTIVITY									
	Category of	Current		Increase / Decrease			Revised			
Activity	Beneficiaries	Boys / Men	Girls / Women	Total	Boys / Men	Girls / Women	Total	Boys / Men	Girls / Women	Total
General Food Distribution	Refugees	70,772	65,328	136,100	6,240	5,760	12,000	70,772	65,328	136,100
TOTAL	Refugees	70,772	65,328	136,100	6,240	5,760	12,000*	70,772	65,328	136,100

<sup>\*</sup> A total of 12,000 beneficiaries will be assisted during the period of extension of this budget revision. As these individuals are already included in the total project caseload, they are not counted again in the Revised columns.

10. Food rations and distribution modalities will remain the same as currently planned. Acknowledging the capacity of refugees to access some food needs from alternative sources using their own livelihoods activities, the WFP food ration has been designed to provide 75 percent of minimum needs (consisting of 300g of cereals, 100g of pulses, 20g of vegetable oil and 5g of iodized salt per person per day). Children found malnourished from the DRC refugees are receiving nutrition and health services through the Regional EMOP 200799.



11. Recent analyses have concluded that the use of cash or voucher modalities would not be the most appropriate means of assistance for refugees in Likouala, given the relatively high price and unpredictable supply of food items in the Betou market. The area is landlocked and agricultural production is very low; a majority of foods are imported and transported to the area by river. Between January and June, when waters are low, food availability in the local market is limited and prices increase further. As a result, WFP will continue to provide assistance in the form of in-kind food rations for the duration of this budget revision.

### FOOD REQUIREMENTS

TABLE 2: REVISED DAILY FOOD RATION BY ACTIVITY (g/person/day)				
	GFD			
Cereals	300			
Pulses	100			
Vegetable Oil	20			
Salt	5			
TOTAL	425			
Total kcal/day 1 6				
% kcal from protein 12.5°				
% kcal from fat	19.6%			
Number of feeding days per year 360				

TABLE 3: FOOD/CASH AND VOUCHER REQUIREMENTS BY ACTIVITY						
Activity	y Commodity / Food requirements (mt) Cash/Voucher (US\$)					
Cash & voucher		Current	Increase / Decrease	Revised total		
General Food Distribution	Commodity	42 713	918	43 631		
TOTAL		42 713	918	43 631		

#### Hazard / Risk Assessment and Preparedness Planning

- 12. Inadequate funding to implement this budget revision may force WFP to reduce food rations for DRC refugees in the Republic of the Congo. This would significantly affect the food and nutrition security of the most vulnerable (particularly women and children) and increase the use of negative coping mechanisms such as entering into prostitution. To mitigate this risk, WFP has intensified discussions with donors in order to mobilize additional resources.
- 13. WFP and UNHCR ensure that gender parity remains at the centre of all assistance programmes. Examples of gender parity and women's empowerment is the inclusion of both



the name of the husband and wife on ration cards. This ensures that women can receive assistance without discrimination.

14. WFP, jointly with UNHCR, has established a permanent communication mechanism with refugees through distribution committees. In the case of an eventual pipeline break leading to ration cuts, the WFP sub-office in Betou will ensure that all partners and refugees are informed in a timely manner. DRC refugees will also be sensitized (by WFP and UNHCR) to understand why rations might be reduced.



### ANNEX I-A

PROJEC			
	Quantity (mt)	Value (US\$)	Value (US\$)
Food Transfers			
Cereals	648	187 920	
Pulses	216	84 240	
Oil and fats	43	29 462	
Mixed and blended food	-	-	
Others	11	864	
Total Food Transfers	918	302 486	
External Transport	140 609		
LTSH		499 583	
ODOC Food		17 377	
Food and Related Costs <sup>2</sup> 960 055			960 055
C&V Transfers		-	
C&V Related costs	-	-	
Cash and Vouchers and Related Costs		-	
<b>Capacity Development &amp; Augmentation</b>			
Direct Operational Costs	960 055		
Direct support costs (see Annex I-B)	130 412		
Total Direct Project Costs	1 090 467		
Indirect support costs (7.0 percent) <sup>3</sup>			76 333
TOTAL WFP COSTS	_		1 166 800

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> This is a notional food basket for budgeting and approval. The contents may vary.

<sup>3</sup> The indirect support cost rate may be amended by the Board during the project.



### **ANNEX I-B**

DIRECT SUPPORT REQUIREMENTS (US\$) WFP Staff and Staff-Related				
General service staff **	63 309			
Danger pay and local allowances	-			
Subtotal	67 412			
Recurring and Other	14 400			
Capital Equipment	4 000			
Security	6 500			
Travel and transportation	18 100			
Assessments, Evaluations and Monitoring <sup>4</sup>	20 000			
TOTAL DIRECT SUPPORT COSTS	130 412			

<sup>\*</sup> Costs to be included in this line are under the following cost elements: International Professional Staff (P1 to D2), Local Staff - National Officer, International Consultants, Local Consultants, UNV

<sup>\*\*</sup> Costs to be included in this line are under the following cost elements: International GS Staff, Local Staff - General Service, Local Staff - Temporary Assist. (SC, SSA, Other), Overtime

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Reflects estimated costs when these activities are performed by third parties. If WFP Country Office staff perform these activities, the costs are included in Staff and Staff Related and Travel and Transportation.