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Rome, 4–7 November 2013

EVALUATION REPORTS

Agenda item 6

For consideration



Distribution: GENERAL WFP/EB.2/2013/6-D/Add.1 23 September 2013 ORIGINAL: ENGLISH MANAGEMENT RESPONSE TO THE RECOMMENDATIONS OF THE SUMMARY EVALUATION REPORT – THE CONGO COUNTRY PORTFOLIO (2009–2012)

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NOTE TO THE EXECUTIVE BOARD

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This document is submitted to	the Executive Board fo	or consideration.
The Secretariat invites members of the nature with regard to this document to below, preferably well in advance of the	o contact the WFP sta	1
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BACKGROUND

- 1. This document presents the management response to the Congo country portfolio evaluation (CPE) (2009–2012). The independent evaluation findings generally consider WFP's activities to be appropriate and relevant to the evolving humanitarian and development needs of the Congo.
- 2. The conclusions of the CPE come at a very timely moment for WFP's work in the Congo and will inform ongoing discussions on the strategic direction of WFP's interventions. Many of the recommendations refer to WFP's country strategy for 2014–2018, which is currently under development and will underpin the formulation of a new country programme (CP) expected to start in January 2015.
- 3. The evaluation's recognition of the partnerships that WFP is building with the Government, especially with the ministries of education and social affairs, is welcome. Partnerships have been strengthened through a new Memorandum of Understanding between WFP and the United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF), extending the scope of collaboration beyond school feeding to include a nutrition component in the safety net for preventing stunting. WFP will continue to identify additional partners to ensure programme sustainability.
- 4. Management notes that actions addressing the CPE's recommendations related to safety net interventions, partnership strengthening, and enhancement of monitoring and evaluation (M&E) capacities are already under way.
- 5. Actions addressing the CPE recommendations, and implementation timelines are presented in the attached matrix. Overall, management finds these recommendations to be constructive, not only for future activities in the Congo but also in providing guidance for other WFP offices with similar operational profiles.



	MANAGEMENT RESPONSE TO THE RECOMMENDATIONS OF THE SUMMARY EVALUATION REPORT OF THE CONGO COUNTRY PORTFOLIO (2009–2012)			
	Recommendations	Action by	Management response and action taken	Implementation deadline
	Recommendation 1: Conduct an independent formative evaluation of the safety net programme to inform the planned scale-up and identify priorities and strategies for continued support to this area as one of the main components of the new country strategy document (CSD).		Agreed. An independent mid-term evaluation of the e-voucher programme was completed in January 2013; follow-up is under way. In July 2013, WFP prepared a biannual monitoring report for the Government to measure progress in implementing the CPE recommendations. This	Implemented
	Given that social protection is a government priority, the independent evaluation, which will also provide input to recommendation 7, should identify how the safety net programme can be effectively adjusted and set out the monitoring and evaluation plan.		report included comparison of the food consumption scores of project beneficiaries and non-beneficiaries, and documented significant improvements, especially in dietary diversity. It showed that most outcome indicators were met, but identified some (M&E) challenges.	
WED		Country office with support from the Johannesburg Regional Bureau (OMJ) and Headquarters	Thus, rather than conduct another independent evaluation so soon after the last one, activities will be reviewed with support from external consultants, the regional bureau and Headquarters units and concentrating on developing recommendations and drafting elements for the safety net component of the new CP. The Policy, Programme and Innovation Division and OMJ will assist the country office with a capacity needs assessment ahead of the scale-up.	December 2013
		Country office	In April 2014, the country office will have been using electronic transfers for two years; an independent evaluation of these transfers will be considered during the second half of 2014.	December 2014

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MANAGEMENT RESPONSE TO THE RECOMMENDATIONS OF THE SUMMARY EVALUATION REPORT OF THE CONGO COUNTRY PORTFOLIO (2009–2012)			
Recommendations	Action by	Management response and action taken	Implementation deadline
Recommendation 2: As part of the immediate implementation of school feeding, the country office, in collaboration with partners, should identify elements of the Essential Package that it is realistic to roll out in the current programme on a pilot basis, in line with corporate guidance, and to roll out progressively to all WFP-supported schools within the new CSD period. School feeding is a government priority and will continue to be a major component of the CSD. Ensuring attention is given to school health, nutrition and other aspects of the Essential Package will enhance the effectiveness of these interventions and ensure that school feeding is aligned with corporate WFP policy.	Country office	Agreed. The country office has signed a Memorandum of Understanding with UNICEF to extend collaboration beyond school feeding to include the safety net programme. A Renewed Efforts Against Child Hunger and Undernutiriton (REACH) mission is planned, to increase national interest in joining the Scaling Up Nutrition movement, which considers school feeding a "nutrition-sensitive" social protection programme. As an inter-agency initiative, REACH will facilitate inter-agency collaboration, understanding and complementarity on nutrition actions in support of national priorities. The country office has launched a pilot project for fortifying locally produced cassava flour and palm-oil for use in selected schools. WFP already procures small quantities of rice and beans locally for the school feeding programme, to enhance the economic capacity of smallholder farmers and encourage them to produce more food. Items purchased are consumed by schools in the same region. WFP will explore the potential for increasing local procurement and links with smallholder farmers, to assist the transition to national ownership and reduce the cost of school feeding.	October 2013 June 2014
	Country office	In January 2014, WFP and the Government will start to discuss the development of a national school feeding policy.	January 2014
Recommendation 3: Before the 2013/14 school year, the country office, in cooperation with the Government and the International Partnership for Human Development, should review the current approach to community cooks and ensure that appropriate compensation is provided in line with WFP school feeding policy, harmonized among partners and proposed for inclusion in the Government's school feeding strategy. The involvement of community members is an essential aspect of the	Country office	Agreed. Community participation through volunteers is an essential part of a sustainable school feeding programme; the WFP policy discourages the payment of parents for services to schools, allowing it payment only under exceptional circumstances. During meetings with International Partnership for Human Development (IPHD), the country office has often emphasized the need to harmonize intervention approaches. A formal meeting with WFP, the IPHD and the	September 2013
The involvement of community members is an essential aspect of the school feeding strategy. Partners for school feeding have followed different approaches in providing compensation for food preparation. This is not always understood by communities and the amount of time volunteered $-2-4$ full days per month $-$ puts a substantial burden on women in poor communities. A harmonized approach would respect the principles of community participation and fair compensation.		Government was planned for mid-September 2013, before the start of the 2013/2014 academic year. WFP will continue working with partners to enhance the alignment of practices for community participation at the school level.	

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Recommendations	Action by	Management response and action taken	Implementation deadline
Recommendation 4: Ensure the humanitarian assistance component under the new CSD includes capacity development of the Government and operational partners, especially in the area of disaster mitigation and preparedness. In line with the sharper focus on development in the evolving context of the country, the new CSD should ensure stronger links between the humanitarian and development components of the portfolio through the inclusion of specific strategies for capacity development in disaster mitigation and preparedness.	Country office	Agreed. The Ministry of Defence has requested WFP to train its personnel in disaster preparedness, and the Minister of Social Affairs has requested assistance in capacity development from the humanitarian community. Disaster management and preparedness is one of the three pillars in the CSD; WFP plans to support the Government with vulnerability assessment and mapping and early warning systems. The country office will seek assistance from the regional bureau and Headquarters units in training government counterparts at the start of country strategy implementation.	March 2015
Recommendation 5: The new CSD, while addressing both humanitarian and development needs, should prioritize capacity development and knowledge transfer; include a transition road map for further increasing government responsibility and takeover of funding; and contain explicit commitments and strategies for enhancing coordination efforts by the Government. Paving the way to sustainability, a medium- to long-term transition/hand-over plan with set milestones should be agreed upon with the Government. The new CSD should include explicit commitments to: i) support the Government in developing policy and coordinating the activities and inputs of its development partners, and ii) play a prominent role in structures and processes for coordination among United Nations agencies in the country, in areas where WFP has an established and emerging comparative advantage: humanitarian assistance, school feeding and social protection.	Country office, with support from OMJ and Headquarters	Agreed. The emphasis on capacity development and knowledge transfer is appropriate and relevant. The safety net programme is a joint effort between WFP and the Ministry of Social Affairs and provides an example of good practice in capacity enhancement. In The country office planned to start discussions with government ministries in mid-September 2013, to identify their needs for technical support in 2014. The country office will seek technical expertise from OMJ and Headquarters units, as appropriate, especially in cash and vouchers, nutrition and performance measurement.	March 2014

MANAGEMENT RESPONSE TO THE RECOMMENDATIONS OF THE SUMMARY EVALUATION REPORT.

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	MANAGEMENT RESPONSE TO THE RECOMMENDATIONS OF THE SUMMARY EVALUATION REPORT OF THE CONGO COUNTRY PORTFOLIO (2009–2012)				
	Recommendations	Action by	Management response and action taken	Implementation deadline	
	Recommendation 6: Develop a joint WFP–Government capacity development plan for the priority areas in the new CSD and ensure its inclusion in the detailed planning for component implementation. This capacity development plan should outline priorities across the component areas and clearly indicate where WFP will provide inputs. The priorities identified should be included in WFP's internal planning process (recommendation 7), and in the implications for funding to be discussed with the Government (recommendation 10).	Country office, with support from OMJ	Agreed. This builds on recommendations 1 and 5. In conjunction with preparation of the new CP, the country office will prepare a capacity development plan outlining priorities and identifying where WFP technical assistance will be most effective.	May 2014	
WED	Recommendation 7: Under the framework of the annual performance plan, develop an implementation plan in 2014 for each area of the new CSD that maximizes alignment with WFP and government policies; identifies partners, strategies and targets; strengthens monitoring, and specifies appropriate human resource and funding needs.	Country office, with support from OMJ RMP	the end of the first quarter of 2014. In consultation with the regional bureau, RMP will advise the country	March 2014 March 2014	
	This exercise should provide the basis for the implementation of the portfolio and allow for planning of resource needs (recommendations 8 and 10). For each component, it should:		office on incorporating elements of the implementation plan into the country office's Annual Performance Plan to enable systematic and integrated follow-up and accountability.		
	build on the findings of the present evaluation, in particular with reference to gender, social protection and capacity development, and seek to improve alignment with WFP policies;				
	include strategies and targets for both policy and operational aspects of the portfolio;				
	identify opportunities for partnerships and strategies to optimize these, giving specific attention to technical, non-logistical areas;				
	formulate strategies that allow for streamlining and improving the monitoring systems; and				
	identify implications for staffing and resource needs.				
	This process should be carried out with the involvement of the Government and implementing partners, and the recommendations should be reflected in country office programming.				

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	NGO COUNTRY PORTFOLIO (2009–2012)				
Recommendations	Action by	Management response and action taken	Implementation deadline		
Recommendation 8: Conduct a review of country office staffing needs in light of the CSD priorities in social protection, market analysis, and disaster preparedness and mitigation.	Country office, with support		March 2014		
Draw up a staffing plan for the CSD period that will allow the country office, within each of the component areas, to: i) adequately respond to requirements; ii) increase effectiveness and efficiency; and iii) play a stronger technical assistance/advisory role in its engagement with the Government. This should equip the country office with a fit-for-purpose team and adequate staffing level to analyse strategic opportunities, while achieving efficient performance in the conventional management functions. Attention should be given to securing the appropriate skills sets in the team, both national and international, in core component areas of the portfolio, which are:	from Headquarters and OMJ				
 social protection, including education/school feeding; 					
 market analysis for local purchases and urban vouchers; and 					
humanitarian response and disaster preparedness and mitigation.					
This would allow WFP to provide more substantial input to national dialogue and coordination, and support the implementation of the portfolio through strong technical input in appropriate areas. Outputs from recommendations 6 and 7 would contribute to the staffing profile.					

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Recommendations	Action by	Management response and action taken	Implementation deadline		
Recommendation 9: Before the implementation of the new CSD, conduct a comprehensive review of the country office monitoring and reporting practices, based on the new Strategic Results Framework, to strengthen links between data collection, analysis and use of data for decision-making. This should include: i) redoubling efforts to make sure all monitoring is done comprehensively and accurately to generate full data sets;		Agreed. Actions already taken to address this recommendation include recruitment of two United Nations Volunteers to boost M&E capacity; revision of terms of reference for field missions, to clarify objectives; establishment of a mechanism for the submission and follow-up of a mission report; review – and updating where necessary – of the school feeding guide for schools, checklists and other monitoring	Implemented		
ii) ensuring that all project monitoring is done in partnership with the Government and/or non-governmental organizations (NGOs); and iii) planning and implementing external evaluations at appropriate times in project cycles.		tools; and, in June 2013, enhancement of the country office's monitoring capacity with the arrival of Junior Professional Office's covering vulnerability analysis and mapping and M&E. The safety net project is monitored jointly by WFP and the Government, and – following the Minister of Education's appointment of a focal person assigned to WFP – joint monitoring missions are undertaken for the school feeding programme.			
	Country office with support from OMJ	The country office will work with the regional bureau to: i) implement the corporate M&E system COMET; and ii) reinforce the capacity of government staff involved in projects to ensure that they use the COMET database to generate data for decision-making.	December 2013		
Recommendation 10: Draw up a funding strategy from 2014 onwards to support advocacy with the Government as to the funding of operations and staff in line with the agreed CSD and transition plan.		Agreed. The Government has given a written commitment to funding up to 60 percent of any WFP project budget. Since early 2013, the Ministry of Planning has held quarterly meetings with United Nations agencies			
The strategy for continued and scaled-up funding of WFP operations by the Government should be in line with the agreed transition road map (see recommendation 5) so that by the end of the CSD period the bulk of the technical positions are funded by the Government. The plan should be based on the detailed planning for components		to discuss their respective activities, budgets and fund utilization, and has assigned a focal person to each agency to follow up on the implementation of projects that use Government funding. The country office has submitted concept notes requesting 2014 budget allocations from relevant ministries.			
(see recommendation 7) and staffing needs (see recommendation 8). It should also identify how the monitoring of	Country office	The country office will update the basic agreement with the Government.	September 2013		
operations – outputs, outcomes and achievements of the programme – will be reported back to the Government to provide the rationale for continued support (see recommendation 9).	Country office, with support from OMJ and Headquarters	The country office will develop a funding strategy for the country strategy, with support from the regional bureau and Headquarters units when necessary.	December 2013		

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ACRONYMS USED IN THE DOCUMENT

- CP country programme
- CPE country portfolio evaluation
- CSD country strategy document
- IPHD International Partnership for Human Development
- M&E monitoring and evaluation
- OMJ Johannesburg Regional Bureau (Southern Africa)
- REACH Renew Efforts Against Child Hunger and Undernutrition
- RMP Performance Management and Monitoring Division
- UNICEF United Nations Children's Fund

