

Monthly Market Monitor

HIGHLIGHTS

KARAMOJA

- Average retail prices for maize grains and sorghum were relatively stable across Karamoja in October this year compared to September but higher compared to October 2015 by 20% and 24% respectively an indication of increasing costs of living for vulnerable and poor households.
- Average price for beans increased in Kotido and Abim in October 2016 compared to September by 13% and 15% respectively.
- The was a slight improvement in the terms of trade for both goats and daily wage rates against maize grain.

REST OF THE COUNTRY

- Average price for maize grain and flour continued to be higher in October this year compared to the same period in 2015 more especially in Mbarara, Kampala, Gulu and Mbale.
- While the average price for maize grain across the country is expected to remain stable in November, there is an anticipated slight decline in the price for beans.

The Uganda Market Price Update is produced by the Analysis, Monitoring and Evaluation (AME) Unit of the World Food Programme Uganda on a monthly basis. Price data collected by staff at WFP Sub offices in Moroto, Kotido, Kaabong and Nakapiripirit is analyzed along with price data from Gulu, Kampala, Mbarara, Soroti, Tororo, Lira and Mbale. The update is divided into four sections; Karamoja markets, Price trends over one year, Other Markets and table on Price changes.

Markets Monitored & Analyzed by WFP Unit South Sudan Rampala Markets monitored Kampala Markets monitored Kenya Source: WFP Uganda AME

For further information please contact the AME unit WFP Uganda

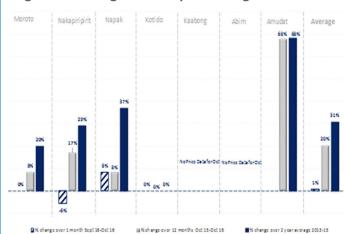


Siddharth KRISHNASWAMY

Hamidu TUSIIME

CEREALS

Figure 1. Maize grain retail price changes Oct-2016

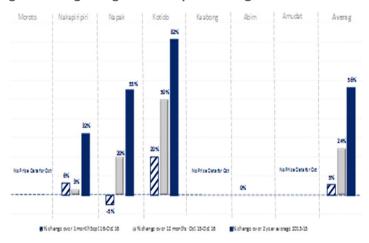


Overall average retail price in Karamoja was relaIverage value of the september, resulIn Telagraph from the recent harvest that has increased household food stocks and supply in the markets.

There was an increase by 20% in the overall average retail price of maize grain in 2016 compared to the same period last year, with high increase in Amudat (68%) and Nakapirpirit (17%).

Compared to the long term average (2013-2015), maize prices across Karamoja are sell high this year by 31% portraying conenued increasing cost of living for vulnerable and poor households in the long run.

Figure 2. Sorghum grain retail price changes Oct-2016

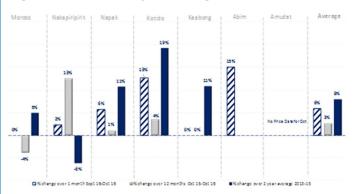


There was no significant change in the average prices of sorghum in Karamoja in October compared to September 2016 as a result of the recent harvest. However, an increase of 20% was noted in Ko2do due to low supply on the market. Also important to note is that sorghum was not readily available on market in Kaabong and Amudat by the 2me of data collec2on.

However, compared to October 2015 and the long term average 2013-2015, the average prices across Karamoja this year have remained high by 24% and 57% respec vely. The price increase was noted across all districts, indicange a long term problem on food access through market purchase.

BEANS

Figure 3. Beans retail price changes Oct-2016



Across Karamoja, analysis indicates that the retail prices for beans have con@nued to be high but rela@vely stable compared to September 2016 with a price increase of 6%. Despite a 15% increase in Abim since September 2016, the actual price for a kilogram of beans was UGX 2,300, the second lowest in the region.

Generally, there was no major change in the average price of beans in Karamoja this year compared to October 2015 and the long-term average 2013-2015.

GOATS

Table 1: Goats retail prices changes for Oct-2016

Market	Current (Oct	% Change from:				
Ividiket	2016)	Sep-16	Oct-15	Av 2013-15		
Moroto	170,000	0.0%	29.0%	78.9%		
Nakapiripirit	82,500	-8.3%	-2.9%	-5.7%		
Napak	170,000	29.3%	25.1%	47.8%		
Kotido	96,250	23.4%	37.5%	10.0%		
Kaabong	123,750	0.0%	37.5%	3.1%		
Abim	91,667	5.8%				
Amudat	100,000					
Average	119,167	8.4%	25.2%	26.8%		

Compared to September 2016, there was a minor increase (8%) in the average price for goats in Karamoja. Price increase was mainly in Napak (29%) and Ko②do (23%) and this could be due to the reduced supply to the markets. Compared to same period last year, the average goat price remained higher by 25% in October 2016 with the highest increase of 38% in both Ko②do and Kaabong.

However, there was a 27% increase in price compared to the long-term average (2013-2015). Moroto had the highest (79%), followed by Napak (48%).

LABOR

Table 2: Changes in Daily Wage Rates Oct-2016

	_	_				
Market	Current (Oct	% Change from:				
	2016)	Sep-16	Oct-15	Av 2013-15		
Moroto	5,000	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%		
Nakapiripirit	3,000	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%		
Napak	5,000	0.0%	0.0%	0.8%		
Kotido	3,000	100.0%	71.4%	33.3%		
Kaabong	5,000	0.0%	0.0%	36.4%		
Abim						
Amudat						
Average	4,200	20.0%	14.3%	14.1%		

There was no observed change in the labor wage rates since September 2016 in most districts except Ko2do where the wage rate doubled (from UGX 1,500 to 3,000). Stability in the wage rates across districts could be due to reduced demand for agricultural labor since agricultural ac2vi2es have con2nued to go down.

However, the casual labor wage is higher by 14% compared to both October 2015 and the long-term average (2013-2015). The highest increase was in Ko2do by 71% and 33% compared to October 2015 and the long-term average (2013-2015) respec2vely.

TERMS OF TRADE

The major sources of income in Karamoja are from casual labour and the sale of goats. The table below shows the latest trend of purchasing power of labour and goats averaged across the seven districts in Karamoja.

Description	Oct-16	Sep-16	Oct-15
Kg of maize/goat	110	108	107
Kg of maize/day's wage	3.74	3.41	4.1

There was an improvement in the purchasing power of revenue from sale of goats and casual labor against maize grain. Analysis indicates compared to September 2016, revenue from sale of a similar goat in October would enable a household to buy more maize grain by 2 kg. Similarly, average wage earnings would buy more maize by 330 grams in October compared to September 2016.

Compared to the same period October 2016, the terms of trade for an average size he-goat against maize grain were beder this year by 3kg. On a different note, the TOT for wage labor against maize grain declined by 360 grams.

SUMMARY BY DISTRICT

MOROTO

There were no observed changes in the prices of maize grain and beans since September 2016. Sorghum was not available in the market. The stability in the prices is due to latest harvest not only in the region but also across the country.

NAKAPIRIPIRIT

Average prices for cereals are rela®vely stable compared to September with a price reduc®on of 6% for maize grain. However, the prices are the lowest in the region (sorghum UGX 850 and beans UGX 2,250) due to harvest.

NAPAK

Compared to September 2016, prices for maize grain and beans increased by 8% and 6% respec®vely. However, the increase in the price of goats by 29% improves the purchasing power of pastoralists as revenue from selling a goat would buy 131 kilograms of maize grain.

KOTIDO

Average price for sorghum and beans increased by 20% and 13% respectively during the month compared to September 2016. Consumers in Koldo conlinue to enjoy the lowest prices (UGX 800) of maize grain in the region. Additionally, casual laborers enjoyed 100% increase in the wage labor rates (from UGX 1,500 to 3,000).

KAABONG

The prices for beans, goats and wage labor were rela®vely stable compared to September. It was also noted that maize and sorghum were not available in the market possibly due to no or low demand as a result of the harvest.

ABIM

Consumers enjoyed the lowest prices (UGX 600) for sorghum in the region. However, there was an observed increase in the prices of beans by 15%.

AMUDAT (Price data for Amudat for September 2016 was not collected, no comparison made)

Figure 4. Maize Grain Price Trends

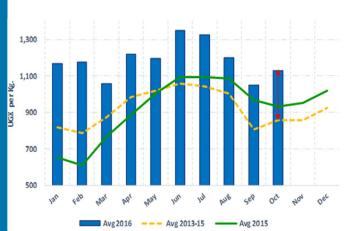


Figure 7. Maize Flour Price Trends

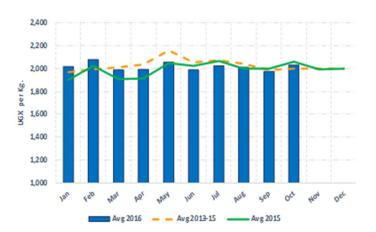


Figure 5. Sorghum Grain Price Trends

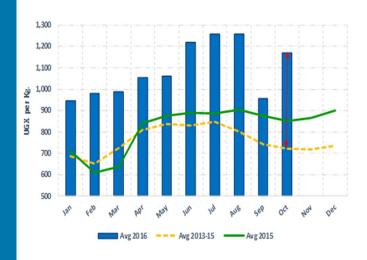


Figure 8. Terms of Trade Goats vs Maize grain



Figure 6. Beans Price Trends



Figure 9. Terms of Trade Labour vs Maize grain

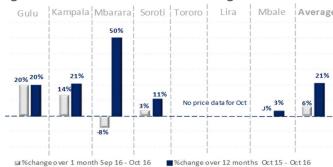


SECTION THREE: KAMPALA, WESTERN, NORTHERN AND EASTERN UGANDA

This section provides a snapshot of the price fluctuations and projections of beans and maize grain for selected markets in various regions of the country. Price data is collected by WFP staff at Sub offices in their respective areas of operation. The primary criteria for selecting the markets included in the analysis is their trade influence in food commodities in their respective regions and the relative consistency of data for the selected food commodities. More markets will be included in the analysis as we improve on the consistency of our data collection.

CEREALS

Fig. 10: Maize Grain Retail Price Changes Oct-2016



Overall, there was a slight increase in the average retail price for maize grain by 6% in October compared to September 2016. The highest price increase was in Gulu (20%) and Kampala (14%) and this could be due to low supply in the market as a result of the poor harvest across the country.

Compared to October 2015, the overall average retail price remained higher by 21% in 2016. The prices increased by half (50%) in Mbarara and by 20% and 21% in Gulu and Kampala respec⊡vely due to poor harvests experienced during 2016 first season.

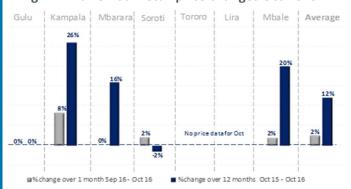
Fig. 11: Maize Grain Price Trend & Projecion: Nov-2016



Source: WFP AME Projec2ons

However, maize grain prices are expected to remain stable in November as farmers and traders prepare for the new harvest.

Fig. 12: Maize flour retail price changes Oct-2016



Average retail price for maize flour was reladvely stable compared to September across the country. Compared to October 2015, average price was higher by 12% in 2016 due to low the poor harvest experienced.

Fig. 13: Sorghum Retail Price Changes Oct-2016



Since September 2016, the average prices of sorghum decreased slightly by 5%. The major decrease was noted in Mbale (33%). This could be due to increased supply in the markets and low demand resulng from the latest harvest, sorghum was also least affected by the recent dry spell.

Average retail price in 2016 was slightly higher by 10% across the country compared to October 2015. The prices are highest in Soro (41%) and Mbarara (15%) compared to October 2015.

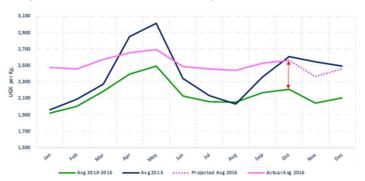
BEANS

Fig. 14: Beans Retail Price Changes Oct-2016



Despite the insignificant change in the price of beans across the country compared to last month, there were reducions in prices in Kampala and Mbarara by 15% and 4% respectively. Compared to October 2015, price of beans except in Mbarara reduced by 29% while in Mbale a 25% increase was noticed.

Fig. 15: Beans Price Trend & Projec2on: Nov-2016



Source: WFP AME Projec ons

The average price for beans is expected to reduce slightly in November and December as a result of the an@cipated new harvest across the country.

SECTION FOUR: PRICE CHANGES FOR KEY SELECTED COMMODITIES

Current Retail	Current Retail Price: October 2016 Current Price change (%)						
	District/Market	Major Commodities	Price(Ushs.)	1 M	1 Y	1 M	1 Y
		Maize grain (per Kg)	1,300	0%	8%	←	↔
		Sorghum (per Kg)					
	Moroto	Beans (per Kg)	2,500	0%	-4%	←	-
		Medium size goat	170,000	0%	29%	-	1
		Daily labour wage	5,000	0%	0%	←	-
		Maize grain (per Kg)	850	-6%	17%		T
N	Nakapiripirit	Sorghum (per Kg)	850	6%	3%	T	←
		Beans (per Kg)	2,250	2%	13%	<u>.</u>	-
		Medium size goat	82,500	-8%	-3%		
		Daily labour wage	3,000	0% 8%	0% 8%	1	_
	Napak	Maize grain (per Kg) Sorghum (per Kg)	1,300 1,200	-5%	20%		1
		Beans (per Kg)	2,325	6%	1%	1	←
		Medium size goat	170,000	29%	25%	i	1
		Daily labour wage	5,000	0%	0%	-	↔
		Maize grain (per Kg)	800	0%	0%	←	←
		Sorghum (per Kg)	1,200	20%	50%	1	1
Karamoja	Kotido	Beans (per Kg)	2,900	6%	1%	1	←→
		Medium size goat	96,250	23%	38%	1	1
		Daily labour wage	3,000	100%	71%	1	1
		Maize grain (per Kg)					
		Sorghum (per Kg)					
	Kaabong	Beans (per Kg)	3,000	0%	0%		←
		Medium size goat	123,750	0%	38%	←→	t
		Daily labour wage	5,000	0%	0%	←	↔
		Maize grain (per Kg)					
		Sorghum (per Kg)	600	0%		←	
	Abim	Beans (per Kg)	2,300	15%			
		Medium size goat	91,667	6%		T	
		Daily labour wage					
	Amudat	Maize grain (per Kg)	1,400		68%		T
		Sorghum (per Kg)	2,000				
		Beans (per Kg)	100,000				
		Medium size goat Daily labour wage	100,000				
		Maize grain (per Kg)	1,450	14%	21%	- 1	1
		Maize flour (per Kg)	2,183	8%	26%	t	1
Central	Kampala/Owino	Sorghum (per Kg)	2,150	2%	8%		-
		Beans (per Kg)	2,500	-15%	0%	1	←
		Maize grain (per Kg)	1,200	-8%	50%	1	t
	N. 6 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	Maize flour (per Kg)	2,000	0%	16%	\leftarrow	T
Western	Mbarara	Sorghum (per Kg)	3,000	-3%	15%	-	←→
		Beans (per Kg)	2,500	-4%	-29%	-	- 1
		Maize grain (per Kg)					
To	Tororo	Maize flour (per Kg)					
		Sorghum (per Kg)					
Eastern —		Beans (per Kg)			220		
	Mbale	Maize grain (per Kg)	1,000	0%	3%	→	•
		Maize flour (per Kg)	1,800	2%	20%	ī	
		Sorghum (per Kg)	1,433 2,500	-33% 4%	-17% 25%		i
		Beans (per Kg) Maize grain (per Kg)	1,200	20%	20%	1	- ;
		Maize flour (per Kg)	2,000	0%	0%		-
	Gulu	Sorghum (per Kg)	1,000	7%	0%	t	-
		Beans (per Kg)	3,000	14%	-4%	1	-
	Soroti	Maize grain (per Kg)	1,000	3%	11%	→	←→
		Maize flour (per Kg)	1,600	2%	-2%	←	↔
Northern		Sorghum (per Kg)	1,200	0%	41%	↔	1
		Beans (per Kg)	2,300	3%	-2%	←	↔
	Lira	Maize grain (per Kg)					
		Maize flour (per Kg)					
		Sorghum (per Kg)					
		Beans (per Kg)					
	1	Price increase above no	rmal price fluctua	tion			

Remark:

Normal Price fluctuation

Price increase below normal price fluctuation Price fluctuation is considered normal if the price change is within 5% for 1 month and within 15% for 1 year.

1M= October 2016 compared to September 2016 1Y= October 2016 compared to October 2015