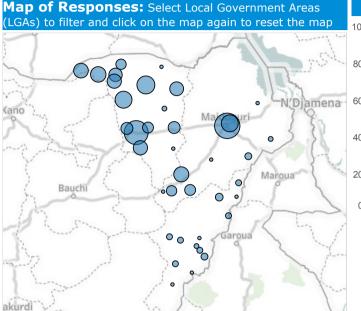
## Nigeria

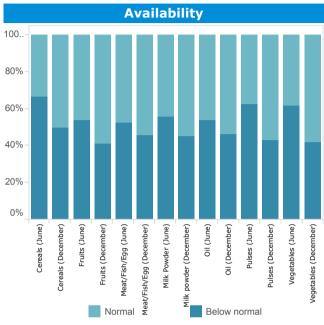
Traders report increased access and availability but rising prices.

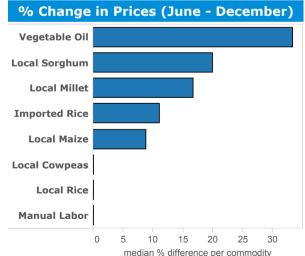
vam
food security analysis

With worsening economic conditions and the effects of conflict, WFP has been monitoring market conditions in North East Nigeria. In June – July 2016, WFP surveyed via telephone 490 traders (<a href="http://bit.ly/29ZvDmN">http://bit.ly/29ZvDmN</a>) from WFP's January – February 2016 market assessment (<a href="http://bit.ly/29GCHpL">http://bit.ly/29GCHpL</a>). In December 2016, 416 (85%) traders were successfully re-contacted and were asked about market conditions including availability, prices, activity levels and challenges. When interpreting results readers are cautioned to note that the original sample frame was purposive (limited by access and security conditions) and is not representative of market conditions in the LGA.

Comparing responses from June to December, several trends stand out. In the last four months, median prices of imported rice, local maize, millet, sorghum and vegetable oil have increased while labor wages have not. Price increases are generally similar for each State. Generally, access to markets has increased in all three States. Compared to the previous year, availability of different food commodities has also increased in many markets although the improvements in Borno are more modest than Adamawa and Yobe.

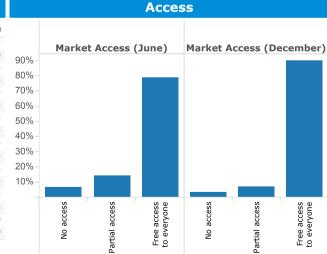








Values for all grains at 1 big mudu; liquids at 0.75L



Source: WFP | contact: rbd.vam@wfp.org | to view the questionnaire and additional survey documentation: http://vam.wfp.org/sites/mvam\_monitoring/nigeria.html