



# Initial Market Price Bulletin for the month of December 2016 (Reported in January 2017)

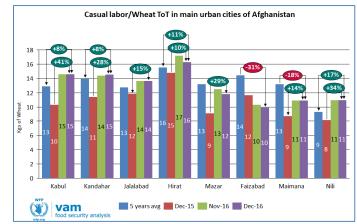
#### **HIGHLIGHTS:**

- Wheat: The current average wheat price in main cities' markets of Afghanistan (AFN 23.8/Kg) is negligibly lower by 3.6% compared to the same time last year (December 2015), but negligibly higher by 4.4% compared to the last 5-year average price of the same months (Decembers 2011 2015).
- Wheat flour (High Price) The current retail price (AFN 29.2/kg) is slightly lower by 4.0% compared to the same month last year (December 2015), and negligibly higher by 0.5% compared to the last 5-year average price of the same months.
- Rice is considered as the 2<sup>nd</sup> main staple food in Afghanistan. The current average retail price of Low Quality Rice (AFN 41.8/kg) is slightly higher by 3.9% compared to the same month last year (December 2015), and negligibly higher by 1.4% compared to the last 5-year average price of the same months. The current average price of High Quality Rice (AFN 76.0/kg) is slightly lower by 2.9% compared to the same month last year (December 2015), and negligibly lower by 2.5% compared to the last 5-year average price of the same months.

### **Terms of Trade (ToT)**

<u>Casual Labor and Wheat (ToT):</u> The Terms of Trade (ToT) between casual Labor and wheat is a proxy indicator or the purchasing capacity of households mainly relying on casual labor as main income, and purchase of wheat in the market. This ToT reveals how many Kilograms of wheat can be purchased with one- day casual unskilled labor wage, but does not say how many days a month a laborer can get to cover the family food needs.

- Labor wage/Wheat average ToT for the reporting month was 12.8 Kgs of Wheat. On average, this ToT negligibly deteriorated (by 1.8%) from November to December 2016, mainly due to negligible increased wheat price by 1.1% and decreased wage labor by 0.5%. the highest deterioration occurred in Mazar (5.9%) and Hirat (5.3%). In the last three proceeding years, this deterioration was experienced in;
  - November to December 2015 (by 4.2%)
  - November to December 2014 (by 3.1%)
  - November to December 2013 (by 3.3%)
- In comparison to the same month one year ago (December 2015), this ToT significantly improved by 19.3%, mainly due to increased labor wage (by 15.1%) as well slightly decreased of wheat price (by 3.6%).



- On the two-year comparison (December 2014), this ToT significantly improved by 13.8%.
- Compared to the 5-year average of the same months (Decembers 2011-2015), this ToT slightly deteriorated by 2.7%.

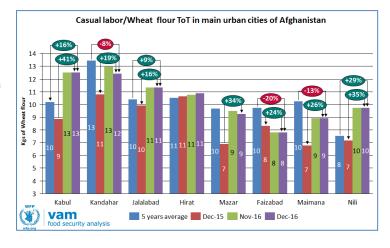
<u>Casual Labor and High Price Wheat flour (ToT):</u> The Terms of Trade (ToT) between casual Labor and High Price Wheat Flour is a proxy indicator or the purchasing capacity of households mainly relying on casual labor as main income, and purchase of Wheat Flour in the market. This ToT reveals how many Kilograms of Wheat Flour (HP) can be purchased with one-day casual unskilled labor wage, but does not say how many days a month a laborer can get to cover the family food needs.

Labor wage/Wheat flour (HP) average ToT for the reporting month was 10.3 Kgs of Wheat flour which negligibly deteriorated by 0.7% from November to December 2016, mainly due to negligible decreased wage labor by 0.5% and increased wheat flour price by 0.1%. The variations in all main city markets were within normal range (-2.3 to 1.2%)

In the last three proceeding years, this deterioration was also experienced in;

November to December 2015 (by 3.7%)

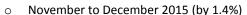




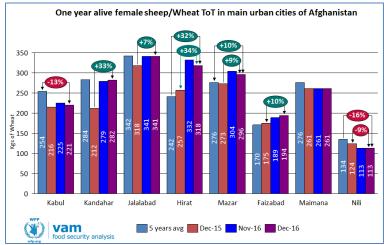
- November to December 2014 (by 0.7%)
- November to December 2013(by 3.0%)
- Compared to the same month one year ago (December 2015), this ToT significantly improved by 19.4 %, mainly due to increased labor wage (by 15.1%) and decreased wheat flour price (by 4.0%).
- On the two-year comparison (December 2014), this ToT significantly improved by 10.9%.
- Compared to the 5-year average of the same months (Decembers 2011 2015), this ToT negligibly improved by 1.4%.

**Sheep and Wheat (ToT):** The Terms of Trade between a one year old female sheep and Wheat is a proxy for the purchasing capacity of those households mainly relying on income from livestock (pastoralists). It says how many kilograms of Wheat can be obtained when selling a one year old female sheep.

Sheep/Wheat average ToT for the reporting month was 253 Kgs of wheat against one-year alive female sheep, which negligibly deteriorated by 0.9% from November to December 2016, mainly due to increased wheat price (by 1.1%). The variations in all main city markets were within normal range (-4.2% to 2.9%). In the last three proceeding years, this deterioration was also experienced in;



- November to December 2014(by 4.5%) 0
- November to December 2013 (by 2.1%)
- Compared to the same month one year ago (December 2015), this ToT significantly improved by 10.3%, which is mainly due to increased sheep price (by 5.6%) and decreased wheat price by 3.6%.

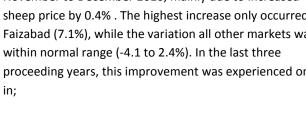


- On the two-year comparison (December 2014) this ToT significantly improved by 12.8%.
- Compared to 5-year average of the same months (Decembers 2011 2015), this ToT negligibly improved by 2.4%.

Sheep and High Price Wheat flour (ToT): The Terms of Trade between a one year old female sheep and High Price Wheat Flour is a proxy for the purchasing capacity of those households mainly relying on income from livestock (pastoralists). It says how many

kilograms of Wheat Flour (HP) can be obtained when selling a one year old female sheep.

Sheep-Wheat flour (HP) average ToT for the reporting month was 203 Kgs of Wheat flour against one-year alive female sheep, which negligibly improved by 0.2% from November to December 2016, mainly due to increased sheep price by 0.4%. The highest increase only occurred in Faizabad (7.1%), while the variation all other markets was proceeding years, this improvement was experienced only



- November to December 2015 (by 0.3%) While deteriorated during;
  - November to December 2014 (by 1.5%)
  - November to December 2013(by 1.8%)
- Compared to the same month one year ago (December 2015), this ToT slightly improved by 9.7%, mainly due to increased sheep price (by 5.6%) and decreased wheat flour price (by 4.0%).
- On the two-year comparison (December 2014), this ToT slightly improved by 9.3%.
- Compared to 5-year average of the same months (Decembers 2011 2015), this ToT negligibly improved by 4.58%.

# One year alive female sheep/Wheat flour ToT in main urban cities of Afghanistan 300 를 200 Kgs of Whea 150 Jalalahad vam 5 years average Dec-15 Nov-16 Dec-16

#### **Retail Price of Wheat Grain in Main Urban Cities:**



- The monthly average price of Wheat in main cities' markets of Afghanistan was AFN 23.8/Kg in December 2016. Compared to the past month (November 2016), the average price negligibly increased by 1.1%. The largest increase only occurred in Hirat (by 5.2%), Main reason for the increase was decreased supply (Hirati's local Wheat). The variation in the remaining main cities was within a normal range (-1.0% to 4.1%). In the last three proceeding years, this increase was experienced in;
  - November to December 2015 (by 1.3%)
  - November to December 2014 (by 1.1%)
  - November to December 2013 (by 1.3%)
- Compared to the same month one year ago (December 2015), the average wheat price negligibly decreased by 3.6%. The variation in all main cities was within a normal range (-9.0% to 0.0%).
- On the two-year comparison (December 2014), the average price negligibly decreased by 3.9%.
- Compared to the last 5-year average price of the same months (Decembers 2011 2015), the average price slightly increased by 4.4%.

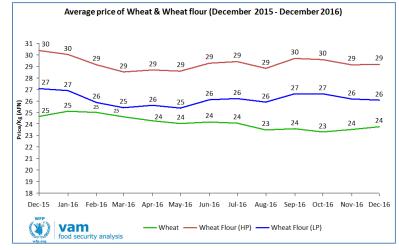
#### **Retail Price of Wheat flour in Main Urban Cities:**

#### Wheat flour (High Price):

- The monthly average price of Wheat flour (High Price) in main cities' markets was AFN 29.2/Kg in the reporting month (December 2016). The average price negligibly increased by 0.1% compared to the previous month (November 2016). The variation in all main cities was within a normal limit (-2.5% to 4.3%). In the last three proceeding years, this price increase was only experienced during;
  - November to December 2013 (by 1.0%)

#### While the price decreased during;

- o November to December 2015 (by 0.3%)
- November to December 2014 (by 1.7%)
- Compared to the same month last year (December 2015), the current average price slightly decreased by 4.0%. The highest decrease only occurred in Faizabad (by 11.1%), which was mainly due to increased supply of imported wheat flour from Pakistan and Kazakhstan this year to this province compared to the same time one year ago. The variation in all other remaining main cities was within a normal range (-6.9% to 1.0%).



- Compared to the same month two years ago (December 2014), the average price of wheat flour slightly decreased by 2.6%.
- Compared to 5-year average price of the same months (Decembers 2011 2015), the average price negligibly decreased by 0.5%.

#### Wheat flour (Low Price):

- The monthly average price of Wheat flour (Low Price) in main cities' markets was AFN **26.1**/Kg in the reporting month (December 2016). The average price negligibly decreased by 0.4% compared to previous month (November 2016). The variation in all main cities was within a normal range (-2.8% to 2.0%). In the last three proceeding years, this price decrease was not experienced, while increased in;
  - November to December 2015 and 2014 (by 0.1%) and,
  - November to December 2013 (by 2.3%)
- Compared to the same month one year ago (December 2015), the current average price negligibly decreased by 3.7%. The highest decrease only occurred in Hirat (by 17.5%) due to increased supply from nearby districts of Hirat province, while the variation in other remaining main cities was within a normal range (-5.0% to 4.3%).
- Compared to the same month two years ago (December 2014), the average price slightly decreased by 4.8%.
- Compared to 5-year average price of the same months (Decembers 2011 2015), the average price negligibly increased by 1.0%.

#### **Retail Price of Rice in Main Urban Cities:**



#### Rice (High Quality):

- The monthly average price of Rice (High Quality) in main cities' markets was AFN **76.0**/Kg in the reporting month (December 2016) which negligibly increased by 0.3% compared to the previous month (November 2016). In the last three preceding years, this price increase was not experienced, while decreased in;
  - November to December 2015 (by 1.0%)
  - November to December 2014 (by 0.4%)
  - November to December 2013 (by 1.1%)
- Compared to the same month one year ago (December 2015), the average price negligibly decreased by 2.9%. The variation in all main cities was within a normal range (-7.5% to 4.3%).
- Compared to the same month two years ago (December 2014), the average price significantly decreased by 13.0%.
- Compared to 5-year average price of the some months (Decembers 2011 2015), the average price negligibly decreased by 2.5%.

#### Rice (Low Quality):

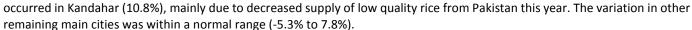
• The monthly average price of Rice (Low Quality) in main cities' markets was AFN 41.8/Kg in the reporting month (December 2016),

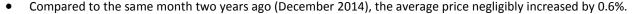
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which negligibly decreased by 0.9% compared to the previous month (November 2016). The largest decrease only occurred in Kandahar (7.8%), mainly due to seasonal demand decrease by customers. The variation in other remaining main cities was within a normal range (-3.4% to 0.0%).

In the last three proceeding years this price decrease was only experienced during;

- November to December 2013 (by 0.6%)
   While the price increased during;
  - November to December 2015 (by 0.1%)
  - November to December 2014 (by 0.5%)
  - Compared to the same month one year ago (December 2015), the average price slightly increased by 3.9%. The largest increase only



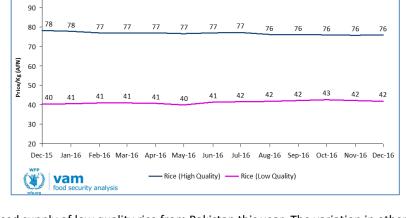


• Compared to 5-year average price of same months (Decembers 2011 - 2015), the average price negligibly increased by 1.4%.

#### **Retail Price of Cooking Oil in Main Urban Cities:**

- The monthly average price of cooking oil in main cities' markets was AFN **80.8**/Kg in the reporting month (December 2016), being negligibly increased by 0.3% compared to previous month (November 2016). The variation in all main cities was within a normal range (-1.1% to 2.8%). In the last three preceding years, this price increase was not experienced, while decreased in;
  - o November to December 2015 (by 0.2%)
  - o November to December 2014 (by 0.7%)
  - November to December 2013 (by 0.3%)
- Compared to the same month one year ago (December 2015), the average price slightly increased by 4.6%. The largest increase occurred in Hirat (14.4%) and Nili (by 13.3%), main reason for the increase was increased price of oil by the traders and decreased supply of oil from source points. The variation in all other main cities was within a normal limit (-1.6% to 3.8%).
- Compared to the same month two years ago (December 2014), the average price negligibly increased by 3.3%.
- Compared to 5-year average of the same months (Decembers 2011 2015), the average price negligibly decreased by 1.2%.

## Retail Price of Salt, Sugar and No. of days averagely worked by a labourer:



Average price of Rice (High and Low Quality) December 2015 - December 2016



Salt: The monthly average price of Salt in December 2016 in main cities' markets was AFN 13.9/Kg which is negligibly decreased by 0.7% compared to the previous month (November 2016). The only significant decrease occurred in Hirat (8.3%). The variation in other main cities was zero. The current average price of salt negligibly increased by 0.4% compared to the same month last year (December 2015), and negligibly decreased by 0.1% compared to the same month two years ago (December 2014).

Sugar: The monthly average price of Sugar in December 2016 in main cities' markets was AFN 54.3/Kg, being negligibly decreased by 1.0% compared to the previous month (November 2016). The current average price of Sugar significantly increased by 22.8% compared to the same month last year (December 2015), and by 22.9% compared to the same month two year ago (December 2014) due to increased price in source points.

Number of days averagely worked by a labourer: The monthly average number of days worked by a laborer during December 2016 was reported at 10.0 days. The highest number of working days was in Jalalabad (14 days) followed by Kabul, Kandahar, Hirat, Mazar and Maimana (12 days), Nili (4 days), while it was least in Faizabad (2.0 days). The average number of days worked by unskilled laborers in main cities of Afghanistan decreased by 1.5% compared to the previous month (November 2016). The significant decrease occurred in Nili by 60% (6 days), Faizabad by 50% (2 days), and Kabul by 25% (4 days), the variation in other main cities remain unchanged.

- Compared to the same month last year (December 2015), the average number of working days increased by 2.8%. Increased in Maimana, Kandahar and Mazar 50% (4 days), and decreased in Nili by 50 %( 4days), Faizabad by 47.4% (1.8 days) and Hirat by 25% (4 days). The variation in other main cities is (0.0 %)
- Compared to the same month two years ago (December 2014), the average number of working days for main cities decreased by 5.9%.



# **Market Watch:**

Mark 1	Major Comm	Current Price		Price cha	nge (%)			Average				Mais o	Current Price		Price cl		Aver			
Markets		per Kg	5 Y Ave	2 Y	1Y	1M	5 Y Ave	2 Y	11	1M	Markets	Major Comm	in AFN	5 Y Ave	2 Y	1Y		5Y Ave 2Y	11	
KABUL	Wheat	24.0	5.8	-2.0	-5.9	0.0	•	<b>•</b>	•	•	Livestock-One year	live Sheep (Female)								
	Wheat flour (HP)	28.0	-2.0	4.7	-5.5	0.0	<b>&gt;</b>	<b>&gt;</b>	<b>&gt;</b>	<b>&gt;</b>	KABUL	Sheep	5,300	-6.7	-3.6	-3.6	-1.9	<b>&gt;</b> •	•	Т
	Rice High Quality	75.0	-8.9	-23.5	-6.3	0.0	<b>&gt;</b>	•	<b>&gt;</b>	<b>&gt;</b>	KANDAHAR	Sheep	6,800	0.3	0.1	21.4	0.0	<b>&gt;</b>	<b>A</b>	••••
	Rice Low Qaulity	58.0	26.9	16.0	0.0	0.0	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<b>&gt;</b>	<b>&gt;</b>	JALALABAD	Sheep	7,500	3.6	7.1	7.1	0.0	<b>&gt;</b>	<b>&gt;</b>	
	Cooking Oil	81.0	-2.9	-0.6	3.8	1.3	<b>&gt;</b>	<b>&gt;</b>	<b>&gt;</b>	<b>&gt;</b>	HIBAT	Sheep	5,875	25.5	27.7	12.4	1.2	<b>A A</b>	<b>A</b>	****
KANDAHAR	Wheat	24.1	-0.6	-7.3	-8.5	-1.0	•	<b>•</b>	•	•	MAZAR	Sheep	6,300	15.0	8.6	5.0	-1.4	<b>A</b>	<b>&gt;</b>	
	Wheat flour (HP)	28.2	11.6	7.1	1.3	4.3	<u> </u>	<b>&gt;</b>	<b>&gt;</b>	<b>&gt;</b>	FAIZABAD	Sheep	4,900	27.6	25.6	8.9		<b>A A</b>		
	Rice High Quality	64.1	-8.8		-8.7	2.1	<b>&gt;</b>	▼	<u> </u>	<b>&gt;</b>	MAIMANA	Sheep	6,000	1.0	0.0	0.0		<b>&gt; &gt;</b>	<b>&gt;</b>	
	Rice Low Qaulity	30.3	8.4	3.6	10.8	-7.8		<u> </u>	<u>.</u>		NILI	Sheep	3,600		-11.1	-10.0	0.0	<b>v v</b>		
	Cooking Oil	75.9	12.0	34.1	2.2	-0.4			<u> </u>	-	Terms of Trade		f Wheat/Wheat fl			10.0	0.0		Ė	_
		22.0				0.0	•	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	Ť		Casual Labor/Wheat	14.6	11	29.9	41.4	0.0	<b>A A</b>	_	-
	Wheat (Invad (ID)	26.5	3.9	-4.3 -10.2	0.0 1.0	0.0		<b>V</b>	<u></u>		KABUL KANDAHAR	Casual Laborr/Wheat	14.5	13.0	7.9	27.5		<u> </u>		
ALALABAD	Wheat flour (HP)		<b>†</b>					<u> </u>	-			Casual Laborr/Wheat	13.6							
VALALADAD	Rice High Quality	76.0	4.7	-7.9	0.0	0.0	Ţ		<u></u>		JALALABAD			7.0	20.6	15.4				
	Rice Low Qaulity	31.0	-19.7	3.3	5.1	0.0					HIBAT	Casual Labor/Wheat	16.2	4.5	21.0	9.9	-0.0	<u> </u>		
	Cooking Oil	75.5	-5.6	-1.8	2.0	-1.1	-	_	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	MAZAR-	Casual Labor/Wheat	11.8	-10.8	5.6	29.4	-0.0	<b>y</b>		
HIRAT	Wheat	18.5		-17.4	-9.0	5.6	₩	₩	<u> </u>		FAIZABAD	Casual Labor/Wheat	9.9	<b></b>	-16.1	-15.0	-4.0	<b>*</b> *		
	Wheat flour (HP)	27.6	-3.8	-7.0	-2.3	-1.2			<u>.</u>	<u>.</u>	MAIMANA	Casual Labor/Wheat	10.9	-17.6	30.4	25.0	0.0	▼ ▲		
	Rice High Quality	61.6	-5.0	-10.4	1.5	-0.5	<u> </u>	▼	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	NILI	Casual Labor/Wheat	10.9	17.5	16.9	34.3	0.0	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	_
	Rice Low Qaulity	28.9	9.0	9.5	5.5	-3.4	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	KABUL	Sheep //wheat	220.8	-13.2	-1.6	2.4	-1.9	<b>y</b>		, 
	Cooking Oil	77.1	4.0	10.5	14.4	2.8	•	<b>A</b>	<b>A</b>		KANDAHAR	Sheep //wheat	281.9	-0.6	8.0	32.7	1.0	<b>&gt; &gt;</b>	_	
MAZAR	Wheat	21.3	6.9	-3.4	-3.4	1.2	•	<b>&gt;</b>	<b>&gt;</b>	•	JALALABAD	Sheep /Wheat	340.9	-0.3	12.0	7.1	0.0	<b>A</b>	>	
	Wheat flour (HP)	27.0	-0.4	-8.5	-6.9	-2.5	<b>&gt;</b>	<b>&gt;</b>	•	•	HIBAT	Sheep //wheat	318.0	31.5	54.6	23.5	-4.2	<b>A A</b>		
	Rice High Quality	74.0	-6.4	-14.9	-7.5	-0.2	<b>&gt;</b>	₩	•	>	MAZAR	Sheep //wheat	296.5	7.5	12.5	8.7	-2.5	<b>&gt;</b>	•	
	Rice Low Qaulity	36.0	-5.0	-10.0	-5.3	0.0	•	•	•	•	FAIZABAD	Sheep / Wheat	194.1	14.1	24.4	11.0	2.9	<b>A A</b>	_	
	Cooking Oil	80.0	-0.7	2.6	2.9	0.0	<b>&gt;</b>	<b>&gt;</b>	<b>&gt;</b>	Þ	MAIMANA	Sheep //wheat	260.9	-5.4	4.3	0.0	0.0	<b>&gt;</b> •	•	
FAIZABAD	Wheat	25.3	11.3	1.0	-1.9	4.1	<b>A</b>	•	•	•	NILI	Sheep / Wheat	112.5	-16.3	-13.9	-9.3	0.0	▼ ▼	<b>&gt;</b>	
	Wheat flour (HP)	32.0	-3.8	-2.3	-11.1	0.0	<b>&gt;</b>	<b>&gt;</b>		<b>&gt;</b>	KABUL	Casual Labor/Wheat flour	12.5	22.8	21.6	41.1	0.0	<b>A A</b>		Τ
	Rice High Quality	84.0	2.1	-8.7	-6.7	1.2	<b>&gt;</b>	<b>&gt;</b>	<b>&gt;</b>	<b>&gt;</b>	KANDAHAR	Casual Labor/Wheat flour	12.4	-7.5	-6.7	15.2	-4.1	<b>&gt;</b> •		
	Rice Low Qaulity	48.5	-3.1	-1.0	7.8	1.0	<b>&gt;</b>	<b>&gt;</b>	<b>&gt;</b>	<b>&gt;</b>	JALALABAD	Casual Labor/Wheat flour	11.3	8.9	28.4	14.3	0.0	<b>&gt;</b> A	<u> </u>	
	Cooking Oil	90.0	-11.4	-8.6	-1.6	0.0	₩	<b>&gt;</b>	<b>&gt;</b>	<u> </u>	HIBAT	Casual Labor/Wheat flour	10.9	3.4	7.5	2.4	1.2	<b>&gt; &gt;</b>	<b>.</b>	
	Wheat	23.0	6.1	-4.2	0.0	0.0	•	•	•	•	MAZAR	Casual Labor/Wheat flour	9.3	-4.4	11.5	34.3	-2.3	<b>A</b>		
	Wheat flour (HP)	28.0	-0.4	-5.1	-5.1	0.0	<b></b>		<u> </u>	<u> </u>	FAIZABAD	Casual Labor/Wheat flour	7.8	-19.8	-13.3	-6.3	0.0	w w		
MAIMANA	Rice High Quality	75.0	-6.3	-20.2	0.0	0.0		▼	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	MAIMANA	Casual Labor/Wheat flour	8.9	-12.8	31.7	31.7	0.0	▼ <u> </u>		
	Rice Low Qaulity	37.0	-13.5	-7.5	0.0	0.0	₩	<b>&gt;</b>	<b>&gt;</b>	<b>&gt;</b>	NILI	Casual Labor/Wheat flour	9.7	28.9	19.0	35.2	0.0	<b>A A</b>	<b>A</b>	
	Cooking Oil	82.0	-3.7	-1.2	2.5	0.0	•	<b>&gt;</b>	<b>&gt;</b>	•	KABUL	Sheep //Wheat flour	189.3	-5.7	-7.9	2.0	-1.9	<b>&gt;</b> >	Þ	
	Wheat	32.0	5.7	3.2	-0.8	0.0	<b>&gt;</b>	<b>&gt;</b>	<b>&gt;</b>	Þ	KANDAHAR	Sheep //wheat flour	241.1	-12.0	-6.6	19.9	-4.1	<b>y</b>	<b>A</b>	
	Wheat flour (HP)	36.0	-3.3	1.4	-1.4	0.0	•	<u> </u>	<b>&gt;</b>	<b>&gt;</b>	JALALABAD	Sheep /Wheat flour	283.0	1.8	19.3	6.1		<u> </u>	<b>&gt;</b>	
NILI	Rice High Quality	98.0	6.4	-2.0	4.3	0.0	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	HIBAT	Sheep //wheat flour	213.2	29.9	37.3	15.1		<b>A</b> A		
	Rice Low Qaulity	65.0	7.3	-4.4	8.3	0.0	<u>.</u>	<u></u>	<u>.</u>		MAZAR	Sheep /Wheat flour	233.3	15.7	18.7	12.8	1.1	<u> </u>		
	Cooking Oil	85.0	4.1	4.0	13.3	0.0		<u> </u>	<b>A</b>	<u> </u>	FAIZABAD	Sheep /Wheat flour	153.1	33.0	28.6	22.5		<u> </u>	_	
											MAIMANA	Sheep /Wheat flour	214.3 100.0	0.2	5.4 -12.3	5.4 -8.8	0.0			
											NILI	Sheep /Wheat flour	100.0	-1.1	-12.3	-ő.ő	0.0	▶ ₩		
ark	A Price increase abo	ve normal price flu	uctuation		▶ No	ormal Pr	ice fluc	tuation			Price decr	ease below normal price fluctuati	on							

Source: WFP/VAM market data from Afghanistan main cities (Kabul, Kandahar, Mazar, Jalalabad, Faizabad, Hirat, Maimana and Nili)

Vulnerability Analysis and Mapping (VAM) – World Food Programme (WFP), Afghanistan

