

P4P Farmers' Organization Baseline Survey [impact & non-impact countries]

Introduction

My name is ______ and I am working for the World Food Programme here in ______ [name of country]. We are conducting a survey of farmers' organizations and I would like to talk with the person or persons within the ______ [name of organization from below] who can provide complete information about the organization's membership, the services it provides to members, and its sales of staple commodities. Is that person or persons available?

Enumerator: Confirm that you are speaking with someone from the identified farmers' organization. If not the identified organization, terminate the interview. If the organization is correct but not the correct person, ask to speak to the correct person or persons and start the introduction again.

The World Food Programme is an international organization that distributes food to those in need. The WFP wants to begin buying more of the food it distributes from smallholder farmers. To do so, it needs to understand how staple commodities are produced and marketed in _____ [name of country]. We are conducting surveys of farmers' organizations so we can more fully understand the challenges farmers' organizations face marketing crops and how WFP might address these issues.

Your organization has been randomly selected to participate in the survey because it is in an area where WFP works. The survey is voluntary and we will not share the information you give us with anyone else. We will never use the information in a way that identifies you or your organization. Your participation is voluntary and you can choose not to answer any or all of the questions if you want. However, we hope that you will participate since your views are important. The survey should take about one hour.

Are you willing to participate in the survey?

Do you have any questions?

Group Information				
Type of farmers' organization (Part P4P = 0) (Pre-filled)				
Year organization became involve				
Identifying Information				
Questionnaire number: (Pre-filled)				
Country name: (Pre-filled)			Country code (Pre- filled)	_ _
District name: (Pre-filled)			District code (Pre-filled)	_
Region name: (Pre-filled)			Region code (Pre-filled)	_
Village name: (Pre-filled)			Village code (Pre-filled)	
Urban/Rural: (Pre-filled)	Urban = 1, Rural = 2			
Name of farmers' organization (Pre-filled)			Organization code (Pre- filled)	_ _ _
Name of farmer association (Pre-filled) (If relevant)			Association code (Pre- filled)	_ _ _
Is the target of the interview a club or an1 = Clubassociation?2 = Association			Club Association	
Number of years association has b				

Name of respondent									
Position with farmers' organization									
GPS coordinates					- ·				
		DD		MM	.mmm				
Date of interview		_		_	20 _				
		Day		Month		Year			
Time of interview start:			Ti	Time of interview end:		_ _		. :	
Team code									
Enumerator name								umerato ode	
Signature of supervise leader	or/team								

Module A. Organization Structure and Membership

A1. In what year was this farmers' organization established?	

A2					About what
				How many <u>cultivate</u>	percentage of
				[insert country-specific	members
				threshold for	<u>cultivate</u> [insert
				smallholder farmers]	country-specific
			How many have	acres/hectares?	threshold for
	How many		paid their annual	aid their annual (If "Don't know", go to	
	registered		membership to	d, Otherwise go to	farmers]
	members does this		date?	question A3)	acres/hectares?
		organization have?	-8 = not applicable	-7 = don't know	
		а	b	С	d
1	Men			_	_
2	Women	_	_	_	

A3.	How much does a new member (club or individual as appropriate) have	
	to pay to join this organization?	
	(If no joining fee, enter "0")	

Δ4	What is the annual membership (club or individual as appropriate) fee this	
,	organization charges its members?	
	5 5	
	(If no membership fee, enter "0")	

		1			
A5.	How many elected or appointed	How many	employee	es are paid	
	leaders does the organization have?	throug	ughout the year?		
			ter "0" if none)		
	a		b	- /	
1 Men				_1	
2 Women			.	_	
				•	
A6. Is this organiza	tion registered with any national, district, pr	ovincial, or	1 1	1 = Yes	
other governr	nent entities?			0 = No	
A7. Is this organiza	tion affiliated with any higher-level farmers'	organization		1 = Yes	
(for example:	(for example: cooperatives, associations, etc.)?			0 = No	
A8. Does this orga	nization have any lower-level affiliate orgar	nizations?	1 1	1 = Yes	
				0 = No	
A0 Doos the orac	nization have a bank account in its own na	mo2	1 1	1 = Yes	
A9. Does the orga	Does the organization have a bank account in its own name?			0 = No	
A10. Has this organ	zation ever applied for cash loans?			1 Voc	
(If "Yes", go to	question A11)			1 = Yes 0 = No	
(If "No", go to	question A14)			0 = 100	

A11. Were any credit applications approved and the loans received?		1 =	Yes
(If "Yes", go to question A12)		0 =	No
(If "No", go to question A13)			

A12. Please tell me about the last three cash loans this organization has received. (Go to question A15 after completing this question) What is the In what year current did you status of the receive the What amount did you apply What amount did you loan loan? for? receive? Lender repayment? b d а С е 1 2 3

2 = Buyers (forward payment)73 = National/international NGO or microfinance institution, including8SACCOS94 = International development agencies (UN, USAID, GTZ, etc.)10	 6 = Rural credit fund 7 = Affiliated farmers' organization 8 = Government fund 9 = Rural development project 10 = Money lender 11 = Other 		 A12e: Loan status codes 1 = Fully repaid 2 = Payments up to date but not fully paid off 3 = Payments not yet due 4 = In default 		
A13. What was the main reason the farmers' organization did not receive the loan? (Go to question A15)	,	2 = Could n 3 = Did not i criteria 4 = Could n collatera	credit history		
A14. Why has the organization never applied for credit? $ _ = Did not need credit 2 = Lack of consensus in the organization 3 = No credit providers in our area 4 = Credit providers do not give credit to farmers 5 = Rates are too high 6 = Do not have the required collatera 7 = Lack of knowledge about access to loans 8 = Other$					
A15. Does this organization provide cash loans to its members? $\begin{vmatrix} 1 & - \\ 0 & - \\ 0 & - \\ \end{vmatrix}$					

A16		Have any of your organization's management and/or staff members received training in? (Prompt if necessary to	Who provide d the most recent training	Have any of your organization's members received training in ? (Prompt if necessary to capture all	Who provided the most recent
		capture all items) 1 = Yes 0 = No -7 = Don't know	? See codes below	items) 1 = Yes 0 = No -7 = Don't know	training? See codes below
		а	d	b	С
1	Organization record keeping				_
2	Financial management				
3	Group management/group dynamics/leadership skills		_		_
4	Post harvest handling				
5	Conservation farming				
6	Setting prices				
7	Business planning				
8	Agricultural practices for improving production		_		_
9	Other (specify)		_		_
10	Other (specify)	_	_		_
11	Other (specify)				_
12	Other (specify)				

- A16c/d: Assistance provider codes
- 1 = Government
- 2 = International/national NGO
- 3 = International development agencies (UN, USAID, GTZ, etc.)
- 4 = Buyers (traders, others)
- 5 = Other
- 6 = Agricultural input supplier
- -7 = Don't know
- A17. Has your organization received any other kind of assistance or support from government, NGOs, buyers, or others? Examples might include subsidized or free inputs, tools, or cash. (If "No", go to question A19) (If "Yes", go to question A18)

A18	l.	Did you receive the following types of assistance? (Prompt as necessary)	Who provided the assistance?
		1 = Yes 0 = No -7 = Don't know	See codes below
		а	b
1	Subsidized or free seeds		
2	Subsidized or free fertilizer		
3	Subsidized or free farming implements (tools)		
4	Subsidized or free pesticides/herbicides		
5	Providing or rehabilitating storage facilities		
6	Loans of agricultural tools or work animals		

A18b: Assistance provider codes

1 = Government

2 = International/national NGO

- 3 = International development agencies (UN, USAID, GTZ, etc.)
- 4 = Buyers
- 5 = Other

-7 =Don't know

		=	Yes
A19.During the [season], did this organization develop annual plans		0 =	No
for how to produce and market its members' commodities?		-8 =	Not
			applicable

4

Module B. Farmers' Organization Facilities and Services

B1.	Does this organization have access to storage facilities?	1 1	1 = Yes	
	(If No, go to question B3)		0 = No	

B	2.	Does the organiza tion have access to ? (If "No", go to next row) 1= Yes 0 = No	Does the farmers' organiza tion own (s)? (If "Yes", go to d) 1= Yes 0 = No b	What are the terms of use for this facility?	What is the storage capacity of all the (s) the organization has access to? d	m	cord units of easure for apacity)	Does this warehous e issue a receipt that you can sell, trade, or use as security for a loan? 1= Yes 0 = No
1	Basic earth granaries (traditional storage)	a		_	u	Units	Weight of "other" units in kg _ _	9
2	Long-term storage facilities capable of maintaining quality (warehouse , store)				 	Units	Weight of "other" units in kg 	
3	Tents/plasti				 	Units 	Weight of "other" units in kg _ _ _	

B2c: Terms of use for storage facilities	B2e: Units codes
1 = Rents entire storage facility	1 = grammes
2 = Pays user fee for using part of storage facility3 = Not owned by organization but no fee for	2 = kilogrammes
use	3 = 100 kg bags
	4 = 90 kg bags
	5 = 50 kg bags
	6 = metric tonnes
	7 = quintals
	8 = Other

		5	[]
B3.		Does any	
		organization,	
		service provider, or	
		private business	
		(other than this	
		farmers'	
		organization)	
		provide this service	Does this farmers'
		to farmers in the	organization provide
		area served by this	this service to its
		farmers'	members or other
		organization?	farmers in the area?
		1 = Yes	1 = Yes
		0 = No	0 = No
		-7 = Don't know	-7 = Don't know
		а	b
2	Training or technical assistance in agricultural		
2	technologies or practices		
3	Supply agricultural inputs (seed, fertilizer, etc.)		
3	on credit		
4	Access to subsidized inputs (seed, fertilizer,		1 1
4	etc.)		
5	Aggregating members' commodities for sale		1 1
5	to buyers		
6	Transporting goods to buyers		
7	Drying commodities for long-term storage		
8	Cleaning commodities of foreign matter		
9	Removing broken/small grains		
10	Removing discolored grains		
11	Weighing and bagging commodities		
12	Small scale food processing		
13	Use of storage facilities		
	Fumigation or other treatment to control	· ·	· ·
14	insect pests in stored commodities		
15	Use of cleaning facilities/equipment		
16	Use of drying facilities/equipment		
17	Milling with a hammer/grinding mill		
18	Corn threshing/maize shelling		
19	Draught power (animals/tractors)		

B4. Do you sell commodities directly on behalf of your members? (If "No", END INTERVIEW) 1 = Yes 0 = No

1__1

B5.	Is this farmers' organization able to offer its members any kind of financing between harvest and the sale of commodities? (This might include providing or facilitating cash loans or advances between harvest and sale, use of warehouse receipt systems, or full or partial purchase of	_	1 = Yes 0 = No
	commodities by the organization prior to sale)		

Module C. Marketing

С								Was the				
1								quantity				
								received from				
								members				
								during the				
								[season]				
								larger,				
								smaller, or				
								about the				
								same as the				
	What	What is the						quantity				
	products	largest quantity						received				
	has the	of that						during the				
	organizatio	the						[previous	What	are the		
	n sold	organization						season]?	two	most	Wha	t are
	during the	has sold in one			What quantity			(If "larger" go	imp	ortant	the	two
	past two	[season] during	(Record		of did			to i/j)		reasons the		ost
	years?	the past 2	units of		the farmers'	(Record		(If "smaller"	qua	antity	impo	rtant
	(Record	years? (Fill in	measur		organization	units of		go to k/l)	receiv	ved was	reasons the	
	WFP food	rest of table	e for		receive from	measure		(If "about the	lar	<u>ger</u> ?	qua	ntity
	basket	only for WFP	largest	Weight of	members	for	Weight of	same", go to	(Go t	to next	rece	ived
	commoditie	food basket	quantity	"other" in	during the	quantity	"other" in	next row or	ro	w or	W	as
	s first)	commodities)	sold)	kg	[season]?	received)	kg	question C2)	quest	ion C2)	<u>sma</u>	<u>ller</u> ?
	а	b	С	d	е	f	g	h	i	j	k	
Rec	ord WFP comm	nodities here <mark>(pre-f</mark>	ill country-	specific code	es for WFP comm	odities from I	ist of commo	dities in Data Co	llection	Manual)		
1		_	Units		_ _	Units					1 1	1 1
1					_							
2			Units		_ _	Units					1 1	
_												
3			Units			Units						
4			Units			Units						
					_				I I		I I	
Rec	ord non-WFP c	ommodities here										

5	
6	
7	
8	

C1a: Commodity Codes WFP crops List country-specific WFP commodities here from commodities code list in Data Collection Manual Other crops List other cash and staple crops of relevance to the country from the commodities code list in Data Collection Manual	C1c/f: Units of measure codes 1 = grammes 2 = kilogrammes 3 = 100 kg bags 4 = 90 kg bags 5 = 50 kg bags	C1h: quantity received compared to [season]: 1 = Larger 2 = About the same 3 = Smaller -8 = Not applicable – organization does not have two years of data for comparison
	6 = metric tonnes 7 = quintals 8 = Other	
 C1i/j: Codes for reason for larger quantity received from members Members produced more because 1 = of good rains, fewer pests/diseases, lower than usual post harvest losses 2 = expected a good price 3 = they had greater access to inputs (seed, fertilizer, pesticide) than during the [previous season] 4 = they had greater access to improved seed 5 = they received training and/or technical support 6 = they had greater access to credit than during the [previous season] 7 = they cultivated more land 10 = they had access to more labor than in the [previous season] The farmer organization sold more because 8 = it had more marketing opportunities than during the [previous season] 9 = it had more cash to buy produce from members than during the [previous season] 11 = it had access to more storage than in the [previous season] 12 = an increase in membership 	C1k/I: Reason for smaller qua Members produced less bec 1 = of drought, floods/rains, losses or theft 2 = they cultivated less land 3 = of poor health or becaus 4 = they had less access to i [previous season] 5 = they had less access to b 6 = prices were low 11 = they had access to less The farmer organization sold 7 = it had fewer marketing of	pests/disease, or higher than usual post harvest se they had other income earning opportunities nputs (seed, fertilizer, pesticide) than during the abor than during the [previous season] ess credit than in the [previous season] less because opportunities than during the [previous season] to buy produce from members than during the who found better markets m the farmers' organization
-8 = Not applicable (no other reason)		

C2. What is the most common way the organ collection point for sale or delivery?	ganization gets produce from members' to $ _ $
C2. Delivery method codes (from members 1 = Farmer organization collects produce from 2 = Members deliver their produce to the or 3 = The buyer collects the produce from ind 4 = Other	om members ganization
C3. What is the most common way the organization's collection point to a	ganization gets members' produce from a market/buyer where you can sell?
C3: Delivery method codes (from FO's colle 1 = Organization delivers products to buyers 2 = Buyers collect from organization	
C4. How far is it from your farmers' organiz collection point to the market/buyer v the commodities you sell end up?	
C5. How much does it cost to transport 30 commodity from your farmers' organiz market/buyer where most of what you (Enter "-7" for don't know)	zation's collection point to the
C6. What are the three most critical proble organization faces in selling staple con behalf of your members?	
 C6: Problems codes 1 = Limited consumer demand for products 2 = Limited access to pricing information 3 = High costs of collecting and preparing commodities for market 4 = Limited access to credit to prepurchase commodities from members 5 = Low volume of staple commodities available from members (for example, because of late payment from buyers, lack of trust in organization, low production, etc.) 	 6 = Government trade restrictions 8 = Poor transportation infrastructure 9 = Not able to meet quality demands of buyers 10 = Unpredictable prices/price fluctuations 11 = Other -8 = Not applicable

C7.	7. I'd like to know about the five most recent sales of staple commodities or processed products that the organization made during the [season]. (If fewer than five sales in [season], list all) (Record information about the five most recent sales of staple commodities or processed product)									
	List the commodities/pr oducts sold in the five most recent individual sales of WFP food basket commodities	In whic year d this con	ch month and id you deliver nmodity to the buyer?	Who bought the commodity or processed product? (Prompt for type	Did the organization have to dry, clean, or sort this commodity beyond the form in which you received it to meet this buyer's specifications? 1 = Yes 0 = No	What was the quantity delivered for	How much did the farmers' organization receive? (Enter total amount the organization received, <u>not</u> the per unit	How much of this total was paid to contributing farmers? (Enter total amount the organization paid to all members, not the per	How did you deliver the commodity to the	
	here. a	Month b	Year bb	of buyer) c	dd	this sale? (mt) e	amount) f	<mark>unit amount)</mark> a	buyer? h	
1		_ _					_ _ _ _			
2		_					_ _ _	_		
3	_						_ _ _			
4	_			_	_		_ _ _	_		
5		_ _			_	_	_ _ _ _	_ _		
WFP	C7a: Commodity Codes WFP crops List country-specific WFP commodities 2 = February 8 = August 2 = February 8 = August 2 = Retail stores 2 = February 8 = August 2 = Retail stores 2 = Retail stores 2 = Retail stores									

WFP crops	1 =	January	7 =	July	1 =	Households/ individuals	cod	es
List country-specific WFP commodities	2 =	February	8 =	August	2 =	Retail stores	1 =	Farmer organization
here from commodities code list in Data	3 =	March	9 =	September	3 =	Millers/brewers/processors		using own transport
Collection Manual	4 =	April	10 =	October	4 =	Traders/warehouse	2 =	Farmer organization
	5 =	May	11 =	November		operators/food suppliers		using hired transport
	6 =	June	12 =	December	5 =	Government food reserve	3 =	Buyer collects
						agency or government	4 =	Farmers'
						institutions (schools, hospitals,		organization
						etc.)		members deliver
					9 =	WFP		produce to the

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6 = International de	velopment	buyer
agencies	5 =	Other (specify)
7 = National/interna	ational NGOs	
8 = Farmers' organi.	zations	
-7 = Don't know		

C8.		During the <mark>[season]</mark> , did your organization [ask for each row] commodities beyond your normal	Why not?		
		practices specifically to meet a buyer's requirements?	(Go to question next row or	Did your organization or its members	
		(If "Yes", go to c) (If "No", go to b)	question C9)	perform this operation?	
		1 = Yes 0 = No	See codes below	1 = Yes 0 = No	
		а	b	С	
1	Dry				
2 Remove foreign matter from					
3 Remove small and broken grains from					
4 Remove discolored grains from					
<mark>5</mark>	Sorting/grading				

C8b: Reasons for not increasing quality

- 1 = No increase in price to justify cost
- 2 = Increase in price not enough to justify cost
- 3 = Quality received from farmers already met market specifications
- 4 = Did not have capacity to improve quality

C9. Did the organization sell any commodities under a contract (signed		
agreement) during the [season]?	1 1	1 = Yes
(If "Yes", go to question C10)		0 = No
(If "No", go to question C12)		

Of the total quantity of commodities specified in all contracts during the [season], what percentage of that quantity did you actually deliver?	_ _
(If less than 100 percent, go to question C11)	
(If 100 percent, go to question C12)	

C11. What was the main	 1 = Did not have access to required quantity 2 = Could not accumulate required quantity in time to
reason you were not	meet delivery deadline 3 = Could not meet buyer's quality standards 4 = Commodity did not meet buyer's specifications 5 = Buyer revised the contract amount 7 = The price offered was no longer attractive at time
able to deliver the	of delivery 8 = Farmers' organization did not have transport to
quantity contracted?	deliver the commodities 9 = Other

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C12. During the [season], did you sell <u>directly</u> to buyers? (Mark all that apply)								
1 Outside of [country]								
2	2 Within [country] but outside the province/region in which you are							
2	based							
3	Within the based	Within the province/region but outside the district in which you are based $ - $ 1 = Yes						
	Within the	district but out	side the town	/trading cente	r in which you		0 = 1	
4	are based						0 1	10
5	Within the town/trading center but outside the village in which you are based							
6	Within the	village in which	n you are bas	sed				
		0						
C	commodit	farmer organiz ies or processe o to question C	d foods?	ompeted in a te	ender to sell		1 = 0 =	Yes No
С	(If "Yes", g	ou ever won a jo to question C	:15)				1 = 0 =	Yes No
	(If "No", ge	o to question C	16)				0 -	NO
С		ovide the follow		ion on the four	most recent te	nders for s	staple	
				h this question)				
	What was	In what year	Who bought the commodit y?	Did the tender specify particular quality standards?	What	Did yo comple fulfill t contra	etely he	
	the	did you	(Prompt	1 = Yes	quantity did	$1 = Y \epsilon$	20	If not fully
	commodit	make the	for type of	0 = No	the contract	0 = Nc		fulfilled,
	y sold?	sale?	buyer)		specify (mt)	f	-	why not?
	a	b	С	d	e	T I	1	g
1					 			
2		 						
3								
4								
С	15a: Commo	dity codes		C15c: C	odes for type of	fbuyer		
	Insert country-specific list of staple 1 = Households/individuals							
C	commodities from commodities code list in 2 = Retail stores							
Da	Data Collection Manual3 = Millers/brewers/processors							
	4 = Other traders/warehouse operators/food							
					pliers			
					vernment food	-		
				/go	vernment institu	ations (sch	ioois, I	nospitals,

Version of 22 December 2011 - FO Baseline Survey Tool - Impact & non Impact countries

	etc.)
	9 = WFP
	6 = International development agencies
	7= National/International NGOs
	8 = Farmers' organizations
C15a: Partial dolivory roasons codos	

C15g: Partial delivery reasons codes

1 = Could not accumulate required quantity

- 2 = Could not meet buyer's quality standards
- 3 = Could not meet delivery deadline
- 4 = Buyer revised the contract amount
- 6 = The price offered was no longer attractive at time of delivery
- 7 = Farmers' organization did not have transport to deliver the commodities
- 9 = Commodity did not meet buyers' specifications

8 = Other

C16	C16. What do you think were the reasons that you did not win the tender?				
		1 = Reason for losing tender			
		0 = Not a reason for losing tender			
1	We did not provide all requested documents				
2	Our produce did not meet the required quality				
2	standards				
3	We could not afford the performance bond				
4	Did not fill in the papers correctly				
5	Submitted the bid papers late				
6	Price was too high				
7	Other				
8	Do not know				

C	17.	During the [season], what sources of information did you use to determine the price at which you sold commodities?	Was this information useful in setting prices at which you sold?
		1 = Used 0 = Not used	1 = Yes 0 = No
		а	b
1	Publicly available market information (e.g., radio/TV, commodity exchange, SMS, newspapers, information boards at agricultural offices, etc.)		
2	Personal knowledge of market (e.g., talking with other traders/buyers, friends, etc.)	_	_
3	Price set by the buyer you sold to		
4	Extension workers/warehouse operators	_	_
5	Food reserve agency floor price		
6	Other		

(Ask only if respondent used public information) C18. What is the public source of price information you relied on most often?

|__|

C18: Public market information sources

1 = Radio/TV

2 = Information boards at local agricultural offices

3 = Newspapers

- 4 = SMS system/mobile phone
- 5 = Other