

In Numbers

assistance in 2016.





# **WFP Ethiopia** Drought Emergency Situation Report #4

#### 03 June 2016

## **Highlights**

- Food consumption among relief beneficiaries is showing some encouraging trends, but the situation remains critical for the drought-affected population.
- WFP is preparing to significantly scale up the support to the Government to further augment the drought response, especially through enhancing Government logistics capacity.
- Provision of TSF using mobile health and Nutrition teams in Afar and Somali regions is underway in two pilot woredas.
- Access to the Somali region areas affected by heavy rains has been restored, allowing food dispatches to resume.

#### WFP Funding Requirements

in Ethiopia for the rest of 2016.

For the rest of the year (June to December), WFP needs an additional **USD370 million** for the drought emergency response. *Note that this does not take into account additional identified needs.* 

**10.2 million** people in need of food

**7.6 million** people targeted in the

joint 2016 Government-WFP response

USD370 million urgently required

by WFP to address food assistance needs

#### **Global Humanitarian Funding**

**USD703 million** is required to address humanitarian needs across all sectors for the rest of 2016 as per the Government and Humanitarian Partners <u>*Prioritization Statement*</u> of 10 May 2016.

#### Latest WFP Reports

- Drought Emergency Relief Programme Update
- #4 (01 June 2016) NEW
- Drought Emergency Targeted Supplementary Feeding Programme Update #4 (16 - 31 May 2016) NEW
- Drought Emergency Household Food Security Monitoring Bulletin #2 (31 May 2016) NEW



### Situation Update

- According to the latest Household Food Security Monitoring survey results, food consumption among relief beneficiaries is showing moderate improvement as rates of inadequate food consumption has dropped overall. However, the situation remains critical, with continued severely constrained food access, and a high use of negative coping strategies, and low dietary diversity.
- Even households not targeted for any form of external assistance are reporting inadequate food consumption, indicating that actual needs might be higher than current targeting estimates.
- A 2-week break in rains has allowed WFP to resume dispatches and increase relief dispatch rates. Several operational measures are being implemented to further increase dispatch and distribution rates.
- The Government and humanitarian partners are preparing the *Meher* Flood Contingency Plan in preparation for the next rainy season expected to start in July.
- The inter-agency *Belg* assessment is scheduled to start on 07 June. The assessment will inform the revision of the 2016 Humanitarian Requirements Document (HRD).

#### WFP Response

• WFP is preparing to significantly scale up the ongoing support to the Government to further augment the ongoing drought response, including staffing, operational needs, storage, equipment, and training.

Photo: WFP vehicle at a relief Food Distribution Point in El-Bahay, Somali Region. © WFP/Daniel Arukwe Johansen

• Provision of TSF using mobile health and Nutrition teams (MHNTs) in Afar and Somali regions is underway in two pilot woredas. Training is ongoing for the expansion of the initiative.

### 🦉 Food Assistance

- Round 2 of the emergency relief programme has been completed, and dispatches for Round 3 are wrapping up. Dispatches and distributions for Round 4 are ramping up, with Round 5 planned to commence next week.
- The Somali Region Disaster Prevention and Preparedness Bureau (DPPB) has not yet responded to a WFP proposal to reduce the Food Distribution Points (FDPs) in Somali region from more than 800 to less than 600 to speed up the relief distribution cycles, enhancing the efficiency and effectiveness of WFPs response. WFP plans to allocate the 5th relief round following the revised FDP list and caseload.

## 🛧 🏛 🄜 Logistics

- WFP is currently working to enhance Government logistics capacity at distribution hubs. To enhance essential systematic registration processes for cargo arrival and dispatch, Staff from WFP and the joint Food Management Improvement Project (FMIP) is currently working at the National Disaster Risk Management Commission (NDRMC) Adama/ Nazreth hub to improve the reporting system and to fully implement the Commodity and Allocation Tracking System (CATS) tool. Recruitment of additional staff to fulfil the same tasks is underway for Adama/Nazreth, as well as other locations, including NDRMC Nefasilk, Dire Dawa and Kombolcha hubs.
- WFP staff is supporting the NDRMC with reconstituting and re-bagging of commodities at NDRMC Adama/Nazreth hub, including provision of stitching machines and scales.



• In order to support the Government of Ethiopia to augment storage in the area, WFP has erected two Mobile Storage Units (MSUs) in Semera.

### Logistics Cluster

- Within the framework of the Storage Augmentation plan, and following several field assessments, the Logistics Cluster has begun the deployment of 120 Mobile Storage Units (MSUs) as requested by NDRMC and the Joint Emergency Operation Program (JEOP) NGO consortium/CRS.
- Augmentation of NDRMC storage capacity has begun at the NDRMC hub in Adama/Nazreth. As of 01 June 2016, four MSUs have been erected. This will allow for additional storage space for food commodities.
- Over the coming weeks, the Logistics Cluster will strengthen efforts and allocate additional resources to support the NDRMC in enhancing a system to collect and register information on the humanitarian supply chain (from the entry port of Djibouti, to arrival and dispatches from the hubs, down to deliveries at the FDPs). This will bolster supply chain visibility, and allow the Logistics Cluster to make clearer and more precise recommendations on the resources needed by NDRMC.
- With the support of a dedicated team, the Logistics Cluster is strengthening efforts to put in place a system that will allow collecting and sharing real time information on road access, benefitting humanitarian partners in the implementation of their activities countrywide.

### **S** Resourcing Update

- The TSF Programme faces a partial pipeline break from October, and a full break from November with current funding levels including pledged contributions.
- WFP currently requires USD370 million for the drought emergency response for the rest of the year. However, this does not take into account already identified additional needs, which will be considered following the *Belg*-assessment.

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WFP vehicle and one of five Mobile Storage Units (MSUs) erected at the NDRMC Adama/Nazreth Hub by the Logistics Cluster as part of the NDRMC Storage Augmentation Plan.

# **2016 DONORS TO THE WFP ETHIOPIA DROUGHT EMERGENCY RESPONSE:** LISTED ALPHABETICALLY



	WFP ETHIOPIA DROUGHT EMERGENCY RESPONSE			
	Total Requirements (USD)	Total Received (USD)	June—Dec Funding Gap (USD)	People Targeted (2016)
PRRO 200712 (July 2015-June 2018)	1 170 000 000		370 000 000	
Emergency Relief Assistance			337 000 000	7 600 000
Targeted Supplementary Feeding Programme			15 700 000	2 500 000
Productive Safety Net Programme			17 600 000	1 600 000

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