BUDGET INCREASE/PRRO 200532 Nutrition Support for Children and Women in DPRK

Start date: 1 July 2013 End date: 30 June 2015 Extension period: 1 July 2015-31 December 2015 New end date: 31 December 2015

	Cost (United States dollars)						
	Current	t Budget	Incr	ease	Rev	ised Budget	
Total revised number of beneficiaries			1,787,400				
Duration of entire project		1	1 July 2013	to 31 Dece	ember 2	2015	
Extension/Reduction period		1	1 July 2015	to 31 Dec	ember 2	2015	
Gender market code		ľ	n.a				
WFP food tonnage	WFP food tonnage						
	Cost (United States dollars)						
		Curren	nt Budget	Increa	ase	Revised Bu	dget
Food and Related Cos	ts	114,6	536,279	24,454,	943	139,091,2	22
Cash and Vouchers and Relat	ed Costs		0	0		0	
Capacity Development & Aug	mentation	0		0		0	
DSC		13,897,399		\$3,790,467		\$17,687,866	
ISC		8,997,357		\$1,977,179		\$10,974,536	
Total cost to WFP		137,5	531,036	\$30,222	,589	\$167,753,	625
Food Transfer	90,15	6,570	19,66	7,305	10	9,823,875	
C&V Transfer	n	/a	n	/a		n/a	

NATURE OF THE INCREASE (applicable for all projects)

- 1. The Democratic People's Republic of Korea (DPRK), with its population of 24.8 million, continues to face challenges in achieving sustained food security and nutrition. According to the International Food Policy Research Institute (IFPRI), DPRK's Global Hunger Index (GHI) for 2014 was 16.4, classified as "serious".
- 2. On 1 July 2013, WFP commenced the implementation of a US\$200 million PRRO (200532 Nutrition Support to Children and Women) for an initial period of two years. A budget revision was conducted in June 2014 to cope with continuous funding shortfalls, incorporating a reduction in the food and related costs by US\$62 million from US\$200 million to US\$138 million, and a reduction in the number of people to be assisted under the PRRO from 2.4 million to 1.8 million in 87 counties.
- 3. WFP's mid-term review of the ongoing Protracted Relief and Recovery Operation (PRRO) 200532 in July 2014 revealed that a staggering 81 percent of DPRK's population do not have an acceptable diet in terms of quality and diversity.
- 4. The current project will come to an end on 30 June 2015, in the high lean season. It is required to extend the project through 31 December with the same project orientation, to address the nutritional gap at a similar project scope. The logistics plan remains unchanged.

- 5. A decision Memorandum has been issued on 27 October 2014 by the WFP Executive Director's office regarding the future of the WFP operation in the DPRK. While the Country Office continues to identifies cost-saving measures, maintaining a prioritization plan and pushing forward with planned enhancements to the commodity basket, monitoring conditions and assessment approach, it is recommended to keep the PRRO 200532 operational through 2015. The funding status will be reviewed again in September 2015 to determine the way forward.
- 6. In this context, this budget revision seeks to extend the project duration by 6 month from 1 July to 31 December 2015 with an additional cost of US\$ 30,222,589.

JUSTIFICATION FOR EXTENSION-IN-TIME AND BUDGET INCREASE

Summary of Existing Project Activities

- 7. In agreement with the Government and in line with the United Nations Strategic Framework and Strategic Objective 2 (Support or restore food security and nutrition and establish and rebuild livelihoods in fragile settings and following emergencies), WFP currently implements a two-year PRRO 200532 - "Nutrition Support to Children and Women" which began on July 1, 2013. This project builds on experience from previous operations in DPRK, aims to:
 - Reduce hunger and undernutrition among children and women by providing nutrition support to improve dietary diversity through school and preschool meals and targeted nutrition support;
 - Support the Government in reducing hunger and undernutrition through local production of fortified blended food (FBF); and
 - Restore and rebuild livelihoods to enhance food security through food for community development (FFCD) interventions.
- 8. In total, 1.8 million children and women in 87 counties located in 9 of the 10 provinces have been targeted with rations composed of Super Cereals, pulses and vegetable oil a small group of primary school children in Ryganggang and North Hamgyong provinces also receive nutritious biscuits. The operation also supports the Government in preparing for and responding to natural disasters.
- 9. In partnership with the DPRK Government, WFP imports the raw materials that are used by nine factories to produce Super Cereal and fortified biscuits. The latter are then distributed to targeted populations under different activities under WFP's oversight.
- 10. DPRK is prone to floods (July/August) and drought/dry spells (April-June), which cause damage to crops. Floods also bring significant damage annually on irrigation infrastructures and have high impact on the population. Although FFCD activities were much lower down the priority chain, considering the high importance given to promote agricultural rehabilitation and protect productive infrastructure, WFP carried out very limited number of small-scale schemes in 2014, focused on a small number of counties selected based on the prevailing food security situation and their risk from natural disasters.
- 11. In 2015, WFP has allocated a small amount of food for an agro-forestry pilot programme through FFCD, to experiment and lay foundation for a bigger scale agro-forestation project

through a possible earmarked contribution from the ROK. WFP has submitted a Concept Note to this end.

12. So far, the project is only 55% funded. The food basket is streamlined and composed of blended foods, pulses and vegetable oil. However, WFP could not distribute a full food basket most of the time. For instance, only a limited amount of vegetable oil and pulses during lean season on top of the blended foods.

	TABLE 1: BENEFICIARIES BY GROUP									
	Category		Current			Increase		Revised		
GROUP	of beneficiar ies	Men/Bo ys	Women/ Girls	Total	Men/Bo ys	Women /Girls	Total	Men/Boys	Women/Girl s	Total
	Infant homes (0- 4 years)	2,000	2,000	4,000	0	0	0	2,000	2,000	4,000
	Children's Centers (5-6 years)	2,000	2,000	4,000	0	0	0	2,000	2,000	4,000
Pre School meals (prevention)	Boarding schools (7-16 years)	4,000	4,000	8,000	0	0	0	4,000	4,000	8,000
	Nurseries (6 months- 4 years)	385,000	400,000	785,000	0	0	0	385,000	400,000	785,000
	Kindergart ens (5-6 years)	267,900	278,100	546,000	0	0	0	267,900	278,100	546,000
School meals	Primary Schools (7-10 years)	82,700	85,300	168,000	0	0	0	82,700	85,300	168,000
Targeted Nutrition Support (Prevention)	Pregnant and lactating women	0	490,000	490,000	0	0	0	0	490,000	490,000
Targeted Nutrition Support (Treatment)	Sick children in hospital (6 months-16 years)	56,000	59,000	115,000	0	0	0	56,000	59,000	115,000
	Malnourish ed Children	18,000	18,000	36,000	0	0	0	18,000	18,000	36,000
FFCD	FFCD participant s and household members	62,920	65,080	128,000	11,798	12,202	24,000	74,718	77,282	152,000
TOTAL		880,520	1,403,480	2,284,000	11,798	12,202	24,000	892,318	1,415,682	2,308,000
Total Adjusted (excl overlap)	luding	633,000	1,140,000	1,773,000	7,078	7,322	14,400	640,078	1,147,322	1,787,400

13. In view of the current stocks and resourcing prospects, WFP has proposed to the Government a scaling approach, aiming to provide a full food basket to the prioritized groups to ensure that the operation will achieve maximum nutritional impact, effective from 1 May 2015.

14. WFP's mid-term review of the current PRRO in July 2014 has confirmed that WFP's prioritization efforts are successful with food distributions prioritized to both the most vulnerable people and the most food insecure areas. Meanwhile, an M&E Process Review Mission in October 2014 has ensured the re-alignment of the monitoring tools with the WFP's 2014-2017 Strategic Results Framework, and the corporate Minimum Monitoring Requirements. The monitoring system has been refined and rationalized.

15. WFP continues to pursue cost-saving measures. The DPRK Government pays for port clearance, discharge, factory wages, productions costs and international transport for the locally produced blended foods and biscuits. Preliminary estimates indicate that it is well above US\$10 million per annum, more than most LDCs contribute to WFP Programmes.

Purpose of Budget Increase and Extension in Time

- 16. It is important to note that the Mid-term project review in 2014 confirmed the continued nutritional needs of the targeted beneficiaries. The project comes to an end at the high lean season June 2015.
- 17. This budget revision incorporates an increased budget of US\$ **\$30,222,589** to cover the needs of 1.8 million children and women in 87 counties within 9 provinces for an additional six months from July through December 2015.
- 18. The extension in time will allow WFP to conduct the planned the funding status review in September 2015, and buy time for a thorough programme review/nutrition assessment. This will establish a solid basis for WFP to determine the way forward.
- 19. During the period of project extension, the targeting mechanism and project scope remains unchanged with a few minor adjustments which include an increase of 24,000 beneficiaries under FFCD for the possible Agroforestry project to be funded by ROK, and a change of ration from CSM/CMB to RMB for the MAM children which is easier for the sick children to digest and has higher nutrition value.

Table 2: Daily Food	Ration/Transfer b	y Activity (or Component) (g/person	/day)

	TABLE 2: REVISED DAILY FOOD RATION/TRANSFER BY ACTIVITY [OR COMPONENT] (g/person/day)							
	School and Preschool meals Infant homes*, Children Centers,Boa rding schools,	School and Preschool meals Nurseries	School and Preschool meals Kindergartens	School and Preschool meals Primary School	Targeted Nutrition Support Sick children	Targeted Nutrition Support Malnourished Children	Targeted Nutrition Support Pregnant and Lactating Women	FFCD
CMB/CSM	100	100	100		100		100	
RMB*	100				100	100		
Biscuits				60				
Beans	50	50	50		50		167	
Oil	25	25	25		25		56	
Cereals								667
TOTAL								
Total kcal/day	1,192	811	811	270	1,198	381	1,572	
% kcal from protein	16.6%	16.7%	16.7%	10.7%	16.4%		16.3%	
% kcal from fat	38.8%	48%	48%	30%	38%		19.4%	
Number of feeding days per year or per month	365	300	250	250	365	30 days per month		120

FOOD REQUIREMENTS

TABLE 3: FOOD REQUIREMENTS BY ACTIVITY					
		Fo	od requirements ((mt)	
Activity	Commodity	Current	Increase / Decrease	Revised total	
School and preschool meals	Commodity	101,076	20,744	121,820	
Targeted nutrition support	Commodity	29,807	10,618	40,425	
FFCD	Commodity	6,355	961	7,316	
TOTAL		137,238	32,323	169,561	

Hazard / Risk Assessment and Preparedness Planning (if applicable)

20. There is no significant change in the main risks and mitigation measures being taken under the revision period.

RECOMMENDATION OF THE EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR

21. The proposed budget revision for a budget increase as well as extension in time for six months for PRRO 200532 is recommended to the Executive Director for approval.

Approved by:

Ertharin Cousin Executive Director, WFP

Date

Drafted by:	[name] Country Office
Cleared by:	[name] Country Office on [date]
Reviewed by:	[name] Regional Bureau
Cleared by:	[name] Regional Bureau on [date]
Reviewed by:	[name] Regional Bureau Support (OMO)

ANNEX I-A

PROJI	OWN		
	Quantity (mt)	Value (US\$)	Value (US\$)
Food Transfers			
Cereals	13,265	3,982,141	
Pulses	11,395	6,882,580	
Oil and fats	4,982	4,483,800	
Mixed and blended food	0	0	
Others	2,681	4,318,784	
Total Food Transfers	32,323	19,667,305	
External Transport		2,337,524	
LTSH		646,460	
ODOC Food		1,803,654	
Food and Related Costs ¹			24,454,943
C&V Transfers		0	
C&V Related costs		0	
Cash and Vouchers and Related Costs		0	0
Capacity Development & Augmentation		0	0
Direct Operational Costs			24,454,943
Direct support costs (see Annex I-B)			\$3,790,467
Total Direct Project Costs			\$28,245,410
Indirect support costs (7,0 percent) ²		\$1,977,179	
TOTAL WFP COSTS			\$30,222,589

¹ This is a notional food basket for budgeting and approval. The contents may vary. ² The indirect support cost rate may be amended by the Board during the project.

ANNEX I-B

DIRECT SUPPORT REQUIREMEN	NTS (US\$)
WFP Staff and Staff-Related	
Professional staff *	2,111,080
General service staff	\$115,158
Danger pay and local allowances	0
Subtotal	\$2,226,238
Recurring and Other	\$395,940
Capital Equipment	\$570,000
Security	0
Travel and transportation	\$568,290
Assessments, Evaluations and Monitoring ¹	30,000
TOTAL DIRECT SUPPORT COSTS	\$3,790,467

* Costs to be included in this line are under the following cost elements: International Professional Staff (P1 to D2), Local Staff - National Officer, International Consultants, Local Consultants, UNV

** Costs to be included in this line are under the following cost elements: International GS Staff, Local Staff - General Service, Local Staff - Temporary Assist. (SC, SSA, Other), Overtime

¹ Reflects estimated costs when these activities are performed by third parties. If WFP Country Office staff perform these activities, the costs are included in Staff and Staff Related and Travel and Transportation.

Results	Performance indicators	Assumptions
Gender: Gender equality and empowerment improved	Proportion of women beneficiaries in leadership positions of project management committees Target: > 50 (Dec 2015) Location: Korea, Democratic Republic Activity: FFA	Food can be allocated to FFCD projects. Food is available and distributed in timely fashion.
Protection and accountability to affected populations: WFP assistance delivered and utilized in safe, accountable and dignified conditions	Activity: FFA Proportion of assisted people (men) informed about the programme (who is included, what people will receive, where people can complain) Target: 80 (Dec 2015) Location: Korea, Democratic Republic Activity: NUT Notes: In general young children and women who receive WFP fortified foods Proportion of assisted people (women) informed about the programme (who is included, what people will receive, where people can complain) Target: 80 (Dec 2015) Location: Korea, Democratic Republic Activity: NUT Notes: In general young children and women who receive will receive, where people can complain) Target: 80 (Dec 2015) Location: Korea, Democratic Republic Activity: NUT Notes: Young children and PLW who receive food under nutrition programmes (blanket)	Food is available and distributed in timely fashion.
Partnership: Food assistance interventions coordinated and partnerships developed and maintained	Number of partner organizations that provide complementary inputs and services Target: 2 (Dec 2015)	Food is available and distributed in timely fashion. Partners are available and can implement their programmes if funding is a challenge.

Annex II: Summary of Logical Framework of DPRK PRRO (200532)

SO2: Support or restore food security and nutrition and establish or rebuild livelihoods in fragile settings and following emergencies

Results	Performance indicators	Assumptions
Outcome SO2.1 Adequate food consumption reached or maintained over assistance period for targeted households	Diet Diversity Score (male-headed households)• Target: > 4 (Dec 2015)• Location: 87 counties• Source: WFP survey• Notes: Average number of food groupsconsumed by HHs (out of 8 possible)FCS: percentage of households with borderline FoodConsumption Score (male-headed)• Target: < 30 (Dec 2015)	Monitoring and follow-up assessments take place as planned. Full food basket, especially pulses and oil, is available and distributed in timely fashion.
Outcome SO2.2 Improved access to assets and/or basic services, including community and market infrastructure.	 Percentage of arable land and protected in selected communities Target: 100 (Dec 2015) Location: FFCD Counties Source: WFP Programme Monitoring Notes: Data collected by FFCD team and reporting is based on their reports. Baseline data will be available when project proposals are received. 	Maintenance programme to ensure durability of created assets is in place. Non-food items are available. Participants are available during planting and harvest seasons. Bad weather does not impede project implementation. Baseline data will be available during receipt of project proposals.

Results	Performance indicators	Assumptions
Outcome SO2.3	Proportion of eligible population who participate in	MAM treatment pilot start and progresses as planned.
Stabilised or reduced under-nutrition, including micronutrient	programme (coverage)	Super Cereal and biscuits are available and distributed
deficiencies among children aged 6-59 months, pregnant and	<i>Target:</i> > 50 (<i>Dec</i> 2015)	in timely manner.
lactating women, and school-aged children	Location: MAM treatment counties	
	Source: Secondary data	
	Notes: MAM treatment	
	<i>Target:</i> > 70 (<i>Dec</i> 2015)	
	Location: 87 counties	
	Source: Secondary data	
	Notes: Nursery children (blanket)	
	Proportion of target population who participate in an	
	adequate number of distributions	
	<i>Target:</i> > 66 (<i>Dec</i> 2015)	
	Location: 87 counties	
	Source: WFP programme monitoring	
	Notes: Nursery children (blanket)	
	<i>Target:</i> > 66 (<i>Dec</i> 2015)	
	Location: 87 counties	
	Source: WFP programme monitoring	
	Notes: PLW (blanket)	
	MAM treatment non-response rate (%)	
	Target: < 15 (Dec 2015)	
	Location: MAM treatment counties	
	Source: WFP programme monitoring	
	Notes: Reporting rely on timely and quality submission of	
	nutrition data from partner. Pilot project; no baseline	
	available.	
	MAM treatment default rate (%)	
	<i>Target:</i> < 15 (Dec 2015)	
	Location: MAM treatment counties	
	Source: WFP programme monitoring	
	Notes: Reporting rely on timely and quality submission of	
	nutrition data from partner. Pilot project; no baseline	
	available.	
	MAM treatment mortality rate (%)	
	Target: < 3 (Dec 2015)	
	Location: MAM treatment counties	10
	Source: WFP programme monitoring	
	Notes: Reporting rely on timely and quality submission of	
	notes: Reporting rely on timely and quality submission of nutrition data from partner Pilot project: no baseline	

Results	Performance indicators	Assumptions
Outcome SO2.4 <i>Local production capacity for fortified food sustained</i>	Percentage of monthly production quota achieved, by product Target: >60 (Dec 2015) Location: WFP supported food production factories Source: WFP Programme monitoring Notes: Local Food Production team in Programme Unit collects and analyses the data	Raw materials, premix and packaging are available on time. Electricity and spare parts are available
Output SO2.1 Food, nutritional products and non-food items, cash transfers and vouchers distributed in sufficient quantity, quality and in a timely manner to targeted beneficiaries	Quantity of food assistance distributed, as % of planned distribution (disaggregated by type) Number of women, men, boys and girls receiving food assistance (disaggregated by activity; beneficiary category, sex, food, non-food items, cash transfers and vouchers) as % of planned. Number of institutional sites assisted (e.g. schools, health centers etc.), as % of planned	Full food basket is available and distributed in timely fashion.
Output SO2.2 Project-specific Fortified food produced in 2 biscuit and 7 SuperCereal factories	Number of factories supported	Raw materials and spare parts are available. There is no delay in procurement of raw commodities and packing materials. Transport is available and timely. Electricity is available.
Output SO2.3 Community or livelihood assets built, restored or maintained by targeted households and communities	Number of assets built, restored or maintained by targeted communities and individuals, by type and unit of measure	Maintenance programme to ensure durability of created assets is in place. Non-food items are available. Participants are available during planting and harvest seasons. Bad weather does not impede project implementation.

Check consistency with strategic objectives and appropriateness of indicators (confirm with M&E unit if needed). <u>http://docustore.wfp.org/stellent/groups/public/documents/forms/wfp022350.doc</u>



Acronyms Used in the Document Cereal Milk Blend CMB CSB Corn Soya Blend CSM Corn Soya Milk Blend Democratic People's Republic of Korea DPRK FBF Fortified Blended Food Food for Community Development FFCD Global Hunger Index GHI International Food Policy Research Institute IFPRI LFP Local Food Production Landside Transport Storage and Handling LTSH Management of Acute Malnutrition MAM Metric Tonnes MT National Coordinating Committee NCC NFI Non Food Items ODOC Other Direct Operational Costs PLW Pregnant and Lactating Women PRRO Protracted Relief and Recovery Operation US\$ United States Dollar WFP World Food Programme

ANNEX IV - <u>LTSH-matrix</u> ANNEX V - <u>Project Budget Plan</u> ANNEX VI - <u>Project Statistics</u>