

Highlights

- Limited availability of foreign currency pushed the parallel exchange rate up to 300 YER for 1 USD.**
- Food commodity prices are constantly rising, leading to an increase in the monthly cost of the basic food basket.**
- Fuel commodities are all more expensive in May 2016 than in April.**
- Food commodities availability in May 2016 is worse than in April while the fuel commodities are scarcely available across the whole country.**
- Taiz shows the highest prices of fuel and food commodities.**
- According to Alert for Price Spikes (ALPS) methodology, the national red beans market is on crisis, while vegetable oil is on stress and sugar on alert status. As a result, the basic food basket cost is on alert.**

Contacts

Purnima Kashyap
purnima.kashyap@wfp.org

Endalkachew Alamnew
endalkachew.alamnew@wfp.org

Filippo Minozzi
filippo.minozzi@wfp.org

Macroeconomic Situation

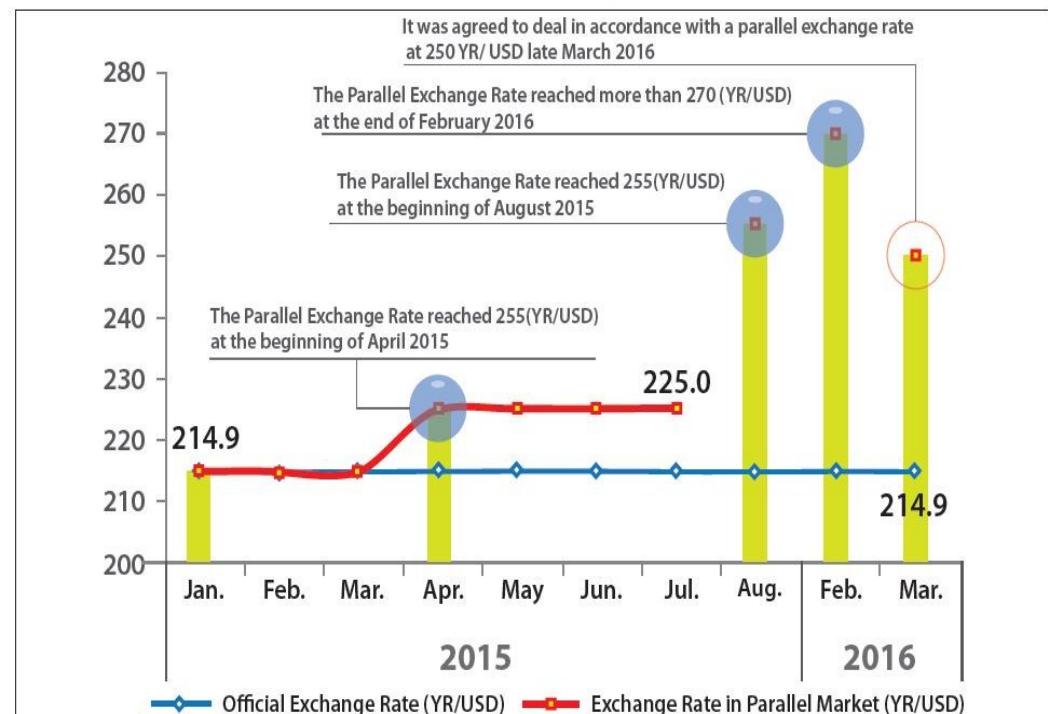
The Yemeni economy deterioration continues as the crisis is unremitting. The deficit in the public budget was estimated at \$5.8 billion in April excluding the reconstruction costs due to the conflict¹.

Parallel Yemeni Rial (YER) exchange rate to US Dollars hit a sky-high level of YER 300 in May 2016 with a remarkable increase of 20% from March. However official rate has also risen to YER 250 in May.

Oil and gas exports are still interrupted and the foreign exchange reserve at the Yemeni central bank is critically depleting.

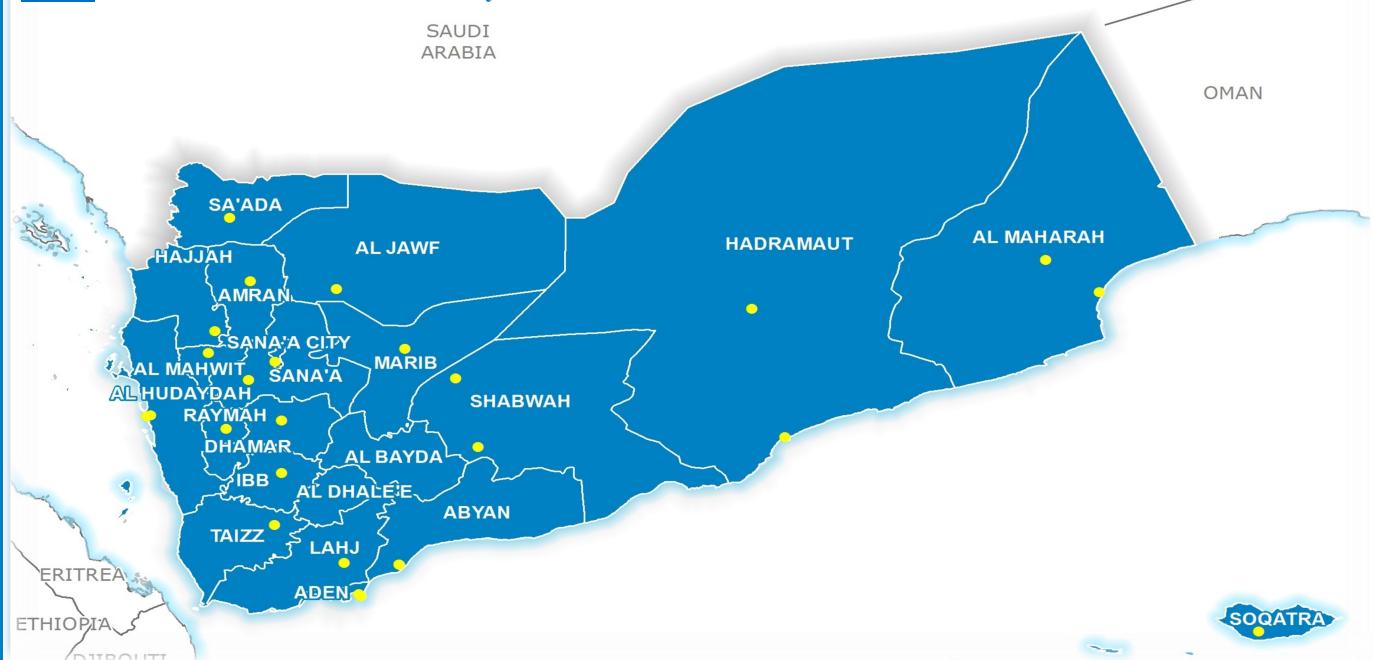
Although no information on Consumer Price Index (CPI) has been published since November 2014, the Yemeni Government reported that the inflation is constantly rising¹. These factors are eroding the purchasing power of the Yemeni people¹ and their food security.

Chart 1: Official and Parallel Exchange Rate Timeline of Events (YER/USD)¹



¹Yemen Socio-Economic Update. Issued April 2016 by the Ministry of Planning & International Cooperation.

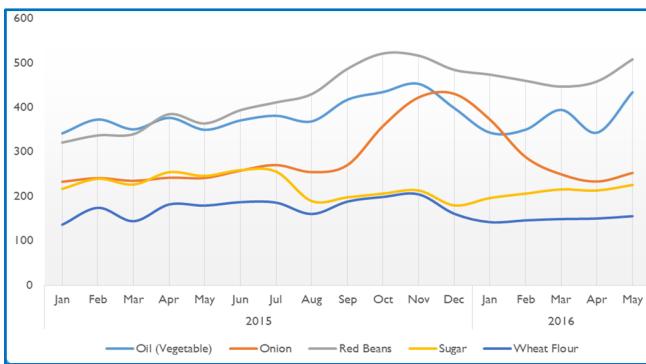
Map 1: Location of markets monitored by WFP



Food Market Price Trends

All the main food commodities priced higher in May than April and the pre-crisis period. (Chart 2) The national average price of wheat flour is 4% higher than the previous month, yet showing minor improvements in conflict affected governorates like Taiz (-5%). Still, the average minimum food basket costs 17% more than in the pre-crisis. Similarly, the national average price of vegetable oil is 28% higher than April, in a range of +6% (Sana'a) to +54% (Al Mahweet). The national average price of red beans is 12% higher

Chart 2: Price Trend of Food Commodities (in YER)

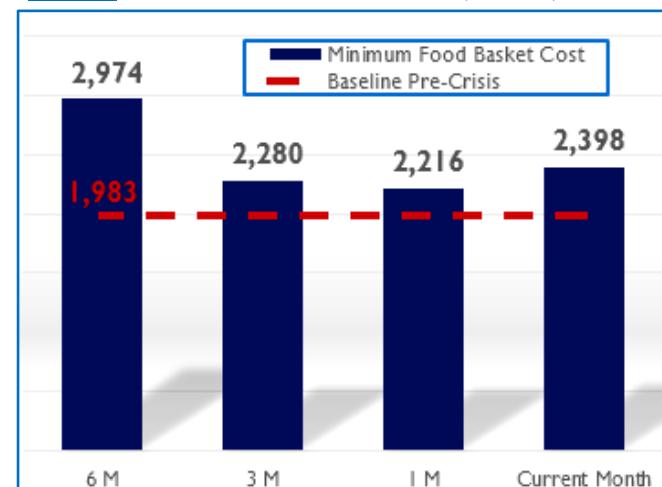


compared to April with a peak in Taiz (YER 630) and the lowest price found in Al Mahra (YER 450). The price of sugar and onion are respectively 7% and 11% higher than in previous month, being the highest in Taiz (YER 258; YER 330) and the lowest in Al Mahra (YER 179; YER 178).

As a result to these price spikes in the main food commodities in May, the monthly cost of the basic food basket is 8% higher than in April the highest in the last three months. Compared to the pre-crisis'

prices, the average cost of the food basket is still 21% higher. In Taiz the difference change reaches +56%.

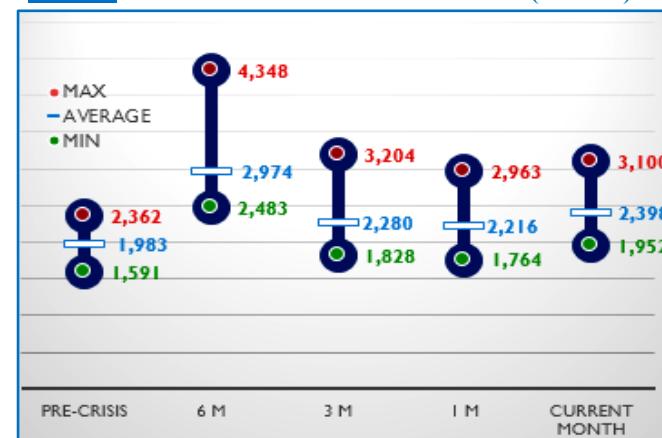
Chart 3: Minimum Food Basket Cost (in YER)



On a positive note, buying a basic food basket in Al Mahra is 2% cheaper than in the pre-conflict (Chart 3).

An indication of the market integration can be found in Chart 4. The situation has slightly worsened in May.

Chart 4: Min. vs. Max. Cost of Food Basket (in YER)



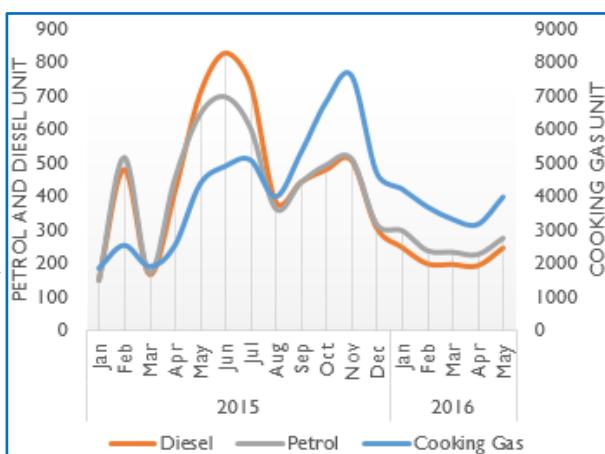
There is indeed a wide variation in the prices across the country, indicating some markets are not interlinked across governorates. The ongoing conflict continues restricting movement of goods, with closure of roads and scarce availability of fuel for transportation. Although the situation in the last six months has showed slight improvements, compared to the pre-crisis differences in the cost of the food basket, the market segmentation is significant.

Fuel Market Price Trends

The fuel commodity prices have further surged. Compared to the pre-crisis cooking gas, diesel and petrol are respectively 110%, 66%, 76% higher. This figure has suffered a surge in May after few months of decreasing prices. Cooking gas, diesel and petrol prices are indeed higher than in April 2016 by 32%, 31%, and 25% respectively (Chart 5).

Because of the ongoing conflict, Taiz showed the highest prices, but the surges are spreads in all country. The price of cooking gas in Taiz (YER 6,750) is more than double compared to the price in Hadramout (YER 3,263) and Al Mahra (YER 3,150). Similar patterns are followed for diesel and petrol with Taiz registering the highest prices (YER 363; YER 419) and the lowest are found in Al Mahra (YER 169; YER 176) and Aden (YER 181; YER 178).

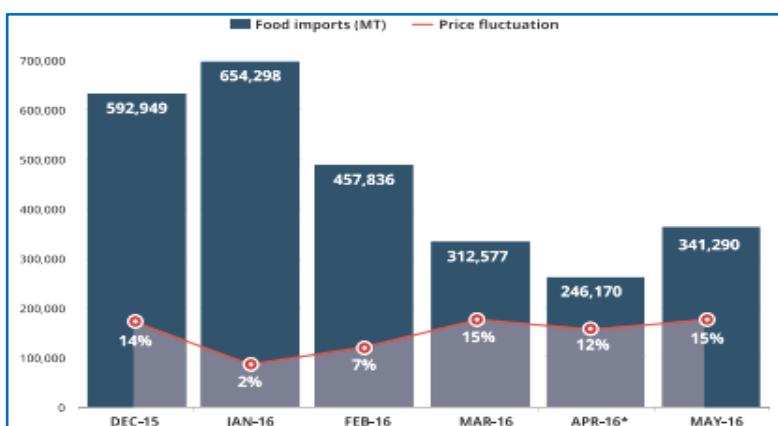
Chart 5: Price Trend of Fuel Prices (in YER)



Food and Fuel Availability

The availability of food and fuel commodities is getting worse and worse across the country compared to the previous month and three months ago. This is likely to be because of the national fuel shortage and military operations in some governorates. Food transportation within the governorates has been interrupted, which negatively affected the availability of the main food commodities.

Chart 6: Monthly food imports and price fluctuation²

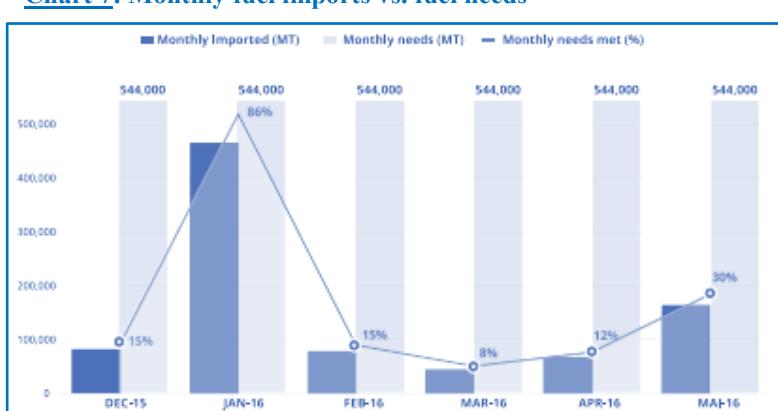


The fuel commodities are scarce in all governorates and the food commodities are also becoming less available than the previous month and three months ago. It is evident from Table 1 that the situation is worse and worse and the only five governorates that have full availability of the five main food commodities are Amran, Dhamar, Ibb, Laheg and Sa'ada.

A seasonal locust invasion created an additional burden to the local production in therefore this should also be considered when looking at the lower availability.

In terms of imports the Logistics Cluster reports an increase in prices and in the level of imports of wheat flour in May 2016 (Chart 6). Similarly May saw an increase of fuel imports, despite the increase, only 30% of the estimated monthly needs (currently estimated at 544,000 mt) were met (Chart 7)².

Chart 7: Monthly fuel imports vs. fuel needs²



²Logistic Cluster. Snapshot on Shipping, Food and Fuel Imports. May 2016

Table 1: Availability Analysis (Compared to Previous Period)

Commodity / Govenorate	Current Month						Previous Month						3 Months Ago						Current Month							
	Wheat Flour	Oil (Vegetable)	Onion	Red Beans	Sugar	Cooking Gas	Diesel	Petrol	Wheat Flour	Oil (Vegetable)	Onion	Red Beans	Sugar	Cooking Gas	Diesel	Petrol	Wheat Flour	Oil (Vegetable)	Onion	Red Beans	Sugar	Cooking Gas	Diesel	Petrol		
Abyan	SAV	SAV	WAD	WAD	WAD	SAY	SAY	SAY	SAV	SAV	WAD	AV	AV	SAY	SAY	SAY	WAD WAD	AV	AV	AV	SAY	AV	AV	AV		
Addaleh	WAD	SAY	WAD	WAD	WAD	SAY	SAY	SAY	WAD	SAY	WAD	AV	AV	SAY	SAY	SAY	AV	WAD	AV	AV	AV	WAD	WAD	WAD		
Aden	AV	WAD	AV	AV	AV	AV	AV	AV	AV	WAD	AV	AV	AV	AV	AV	AV	AV	AV	WAD	AV	AV	AV	AV	AV		
Al Baidha	SAY	SAY	WAD	AV	AV	SAY	SAY	SAY	SAY	SAY	WAD	AV	AV	SAY	SAY	SAY	WAD WAD	AV	AV	WAD	AV	SAY	SAY	SAY		
Al Mahra	SAV	SAY	WAD	WAD	AV	SAY	SAY	SAY	SAY	SAY	WAD	AV	AV	SAY	SAY	SAY	AV	AV	AV	AV	SAY	SAY	SAY	SAY		
Al Mahweet	SAY	SAY	WAD	WAD	WAD	SAY	SAY	SAY	SAY	SAY	WAD	AV	AV	SAY	SAY	SAY	WAD SAV	AV	WAD WAD	SAY	SAY	SAY	SAY	SAY		
Amran	AV	AV	AV	AV	AV	AV	AV	AV	AV	AV	AV	AV	AV	AV	AV	AV	AV	AV	AV	AV	AV	SAY	AV	AV		
Dhamar	AV	AV	AV	AV	AV	AV	AV	AV	AV	AV	AV	AV	AV	AV	AV	AV	AV	AV	AV	AV	AV	SAY	AV	AV		
Hajja	WAD	WAD	WAD	WAD	WAD	SAY	SAY	SAY	SAY	SAY	WAD	WAD	WAD	WAD	WAD	WAD	WAD	AV	AV	AV	AV	AV	AV	AV		
Ibb	AV	AV	AV	AV	AV	AV	AV	AV	AV	AV	SAY	SAY	SAY	SAY	SAY	SAY	SAY	AV	AV	AV	AV	AV	AV	AV		
Laheg	AV	AV	AV	AV	AV	AV	AV	AV	AV	AV	SAY	SAY	SAY	SAY	SAY	SAY	SAY	AV	AV	AV	AV	SAY	AV	AV		
Mareb	SAV	SAV	WAD	WAD	SAY	SAY	SAY	SAY	SAY	SAY	WAD	WAD	SAY	SAY	SAY	SAY	SAY	AV	AV	AV	AV	AV	SAY	SAY		
S'a'ada	AV	AV	AV	AV	AV	AV	AV	AV	AV	AV	SAY	SAY	SAY	SAY	SAY	SAY	SAY	AV	AV	AV	AV	AV	AV	AV		
Sana'a	SAY	WAD	AV	WAD	WAD	SAY	SAY	SAY	SAY	SAY	WAD	AV	AV	SAY	SAY	SAY	AV	WAD	AV	AV	AV	WAD	WAD	WAD		
Sana'a city	SAY	SAY	WAD	SAY	SAY	SAY	SAY	SAY	SAY	SAY	WAD	WAD	SAY	SAY	SAY	SAY	SAY	WAD WAD	AV	WAD	WAD	SAY	SAY	SAY	SAY	
Shabwa	WAD	WAD	WAD	SAY	SAY	WAD	SAY	SAY	SAY	SAY	AV	AV	SAY	SAY	SAY	SAY	SAY	AV	AV	AV	AV	AV	SAY	SAY		
Sqatra	SAY	SAY	WAD	WAD	SAY	SAY	SAY	SAY	SAY	SAY	WAD	AV	AV	SAY	SAY	SAY	SAY	WAD SAV	WAD	WAD	SAY	SAY	SAY	SAY		
Taiz	WAD	WAD	WAD	AV	WAD	SAY	SAY	SAY	SAY	SAY	WAD	AV	WAD	SAY	SAY	SAY	WAD WAD	AV	AV	AV	AV	SAY	SAY	SAY		
Al Hodieda	AV	WAD	WAD	AV	AV	SAY	SAY	SAY	SAY	SAY	WAD	AV	AV	SAY	SAY	SAY	AV	AV	AV	AV	AV	SAY	SAY	SAY		
Hadramout	SAY	SAY	WAD	SAY	SAY	SAY	SAY	SAY	SAY	SAY	WAD	AV	AV	SAY	SAY	SAY	AV	WAD	AV	AV	AV	WAD	AV	AV		
Al Jawf	AV	WAD	WAD	SAY	SAY	SAY	SAY	SAY	SAY	SAY	WAD	AV	AV	SAY	SAY	SAY	AV	WAD	SAY	AV	AV	WAD	AV	AV		
Rayma	SAY	SAY	SAY	SAY	SAY	SAY	SAY	SAY	SAY	SAY	WAD	WAD	SAY	SAY	SAY	SAY	SAY	WAD WAD	SAY	AV	SAY	SAY	SAY	SAY	SAY	
	AV	Available									AV	Available						AV	Available							
	WAD	Widely Available									WAD	Widely Available						WAD	Widely Available							
	SAV	Sparserly Available									SAV	Sparserly Available						SAV	Sparserly Available							
	MNA	Mostly Not Available									MNA	Mostly Not Available						MNA	Mostly Not Available							
	NA	Not Available									NA	Not Available						NA	Not Available							
	DNC	Data Not Collected									DNC	Data Not Collected						DNC	Data Not Collected							

Alert for Price Spikes (ALPS)

The Alert for Price Spikes (ALPS) indicator was developed for each of the main commodities in Yemen using the historical data on the monthly national averages from 2011 to May 2016. Coinciding with the price trend analysis per commodity, ALPS shows that cooking gas (Charts 11) and sugar (Chart 8) prices are on alert status, vegetable oil is under stress (Chart 10), while red beans market is on crisis (Chart 9) with a price level much higher than the estimated seasonal price. The cumulative effect of the surging prices in all commodities is driving the monthly cost of minimum food basket to be on alert status for May (Chart 12). The main prices to closely monitor in the following month are thus, in order of severity, red beans, vegetable oil and sugar.

Chart 8: ALPS for Sugar – May 2016



Chart 9: ALPS for Red Beans – May 2016



Chart 10: ALPS for Vegetable Oil – May 2016



Chart 11: ALPS for Cooking Gas – May 2016



Chart 12: ALPS for Basic Food Basket Cost – May 2016

Methodology

Market information is collected on weekly basis by WFP field monitors. Additionally WFP collects market data remotely from key informants in those governorates where access is restricted. Data are then cleaned and consolidated. Monthly averages are used for the Yemen Monthly Watch Report. Map 1 shows the location of the WFP monitored markets (yellow pinned).

The report is based on the analyses produced by the Automated Market Analysis Tool (AMAT). The AMAT is an agile market monitoring tool that was developed for Yemen Country Office (CO) and is aimed at storing raw data collected by field monitors and key informant, and creating contextualized analyses. The tool analyzes trends of main food and fuel commodities, minimum food basket, and provides indications about how much the markets are integrated across governorates. Food and fuel prices are analyzed against previous periods, including key baselines, such as the pre-crisis values of February 2015.

The AMAT also includes information regarding the availability, which is collected by field monitors and key informants. The classification of the availability is based on the monthly averages. A commodity is classified as **Available** when it is found available at every visit in all markets of a specific governorate; **Widely Available** when for only one visit the availability is not full; **Sparsely Available** when in at least half of the visits, the commodity is recorded as rare in the market; a commodity is **Mostly Not Available** when it was found only in rare cases in a governorate during the analyzed month; finally a commodity is classified as **Not Available** when it is not found in any market of a governorate at any time.

The Alert for Price Spikes (ALPS) is a WFP-developed indicator calculated as follows $\text{ALPS} = (\text{Price}_{it} - \text{Season}_{it}) / \sigma_{\varepsilon}$. It is computed for each month (t) by dividing the difference between the observed and estimated seasonal price (automatically derived from historical data and constantly updated) of a specific commodity (i) by the standard deviation of the error term (σ_{ε}).

Situation on a given market :	ALPS thresholds :
Normal	$\text{ALPS} < 0.25$
Stress	$0.25 \leq \text{ALPS} < 1$
Alert	$1 \leq \text{ALPS} < 2$
Crisis	$\text{ALPS} \geq 2$

Annex 1: Market Prices by Governorate

Governorate	Commodity	Current Month	Previous Period				Direction of Change			
			1 M	3 M	6 M	Pre-Crisis	(+/- 5%)	(+/-10%)	(+/-10%)	(+/-10%)
Abyan	Cooking Gas	4150	2500	2750	6625	1925	↑	↑	↓	↑
	Diesel	230	188	150	375	150	↑	↑	↓	↑
	Oil (Vegetable)	445	290	354	420	341	↑	↑	↓	↑
	Onion	230	188	200	495	217	↑	↑	↓	↑
	Petrol	210	188	150	386	158	↑	↑	↓	↑
	Red Beans	483	400	400	481	313	↑	↑	↓	↑
	Sugar	230	216	218	202	214	—	—	↑	↑
Addaleh	Wheat Flour	161	152	154	210	137	—	—	↑	↑
	Food Basket	2375	2078	2151	3047	1983	↑	↑	↓	↑
	Cooking Gas	4700	4450	3625	6500	1925	—	↑	↓	↑
	Diesel	273	258	225	450	150	—	↑	↓	↑
	Oil (Vegetable)	403	344	340	525	341	↑	↑	↓	↑
	Onion	310	338	405	450	217	—	↓	↓	↑
	Petrol	325	333	253	373	158	—	↑	↓	↑
Aden	Red Beans	528	510	508	530	313	—	—	—	↑
	Sugar	228	227	204	200	214	—	↑	↑	—
	Wheat Flour	168	153	156	210	137	—	—	↑	↑
	Food Basket	2554	2453	2541	3075	1983	—	—	↑	↑
	Cooking Gas	3700	2500	3000	6700	1925	↑	↑	↓	↑
	Diesel	181	150	150	369	150	↑	↑	↓	↑
	Oil (Vegetable)	391	293	343	450	341	↑	↑	↓	↑
Al Baidha	Onion	210	150	188	383	217	↑	↑	↓	—
	Petrol	178	150	150	429	158	↑	↑	↓	↑
	Red Beans	488	400	400	533	313	↑	↑	↓	↑
	Sugar	240	225	228	297	214	—	—	↑	↑
	Wheat Flour	153	156	154	206	137	—	—	↑	↑
	Food Basket	2282	2064	2140	3050	1983	—	—	↑	↑
	Cooking Gas	4300	2775	3300	7500	1925	↑	↑	↓	↑
Al Hodieda	Diesel	268	198	188	450	150	↑	↑	↓	↑
	Oil (Vegetable)	413	363	363	429	341	↑	↑	—	↑
	Onion	295	285	300	363	217	—	—	—	↑
	Petrol	313	246	245	434	158	↑	↑	↓	↑
	Red Beans	530	494	325	450	313	—	↑	↑	—
	Sugar	227	201	222	220	214	↑	—	—	—
	Wheat Flour	160	153	153	209	137	—	—	↑	↑
Al Jawf	Food Basket	2489	2332	2250	2842	1983	—	↑	↓	↑
	Cooking Gas	4175	2900	3325	8000	1925	↑	↑	↓	↑
	Diesel	288	220	204	681	150	↑	↑	↓	↑
	Oil (Vegetable)	463	324	316	566	341	↑	↑	↓	↑
	Onion	259	210	200	400	217	↑	↑	↓	↑
	Petrol	324	250	260	656	158	↑	↑	↓	↑
	Red Beans	510	395	420	545	313	↑	—	—	↑
Al Mahra	Sugar	241	225	208	238	214	—	↑	—	—
	Wheat Flour	154	148	134	231	137	—	↑	↓	↑
	Food Basket	2424	2115	2000	3224	1983	↑	↑	↓	↑
	Cooking Gas	3550	1813	2625	7525	1925	↑	↑	↓	↑
	Diesel	238	150	194	551	150	↑	↑	↓	↑
	Oil (Vegetable)	493	419	409	461	341	↑	↑	—	↑
	Onion	258	219	348	403	217	↑	↓	↓	↑
Al Mahweet	Petrol	281	150	213	650	158	↑	↑	↓	↑
	Red Beans	504	456	491	488	313	↑	—	—	↑
	Sugar	239	237	232	219	214	—	—	—	↑
	Wheat Flour	160	154	151	211	137	—	—	↑	↑
	Food Basket	2470	2289	2485	2962	1983	—	—	↑	↑
	Cooking Gas	3150	2950	3575	5300	1925	—	↓	↓	↑
	Diesel	169	145	135	344	150	↑	↑	↓	↑
Amran	Oil (Vegetable)	339	261	268	360	341	↑	↑	—	—
	Onion	178	163	150	503	217	—	↑	↓	↑
	Petrol	176	154	175	403	158	↑	—	—	↑
	Red Beans	450	413	500	518	313	—	—	—	↑
	Sugar	179	178	163	160	214	—	↑	↑	—
	Wheat Flour	133	119	125	166	137	↑	—	↓	↑
	Food Basket	1952	1764	1837	2711	1983	↑	—	↓	—
Dhamar	Cooking Gas	3475	2500	2750	7675	1925	↑	↑	↓	↑
	Diesel	206	145	188	550	150	↑	↑	↓	↑
	Oil (Vegetable)	445	289	313	383	341	↑	↑	—	↑
	Onion	255	250	248	288	217	—	—	↓	↑
	Petrol	231	140	164	500	158	↑	↑	↓	↑
	Red Beans	468	425	413	453	313	↑	—	—	↑
	Sugar	203	170	174	179	214	↑	↑	↑	—
Hadramout	Wheat Flour	132	120	105	184	137	↑	↑	↓	—
	Food Basket	2175	1922	1828	2483	1983	↑	↑	↓	—
	Cooking Gas	4250	3825	3125	7500	1925	↑	↑	↓	↑
	Diesel	276	199	184	550	150	↑	↑	↓	↑
	Oil (Vegetable)	515	336	369	371	341	↑	↑	—	—
	Onion	280	250	375	368	217	↑	↓	↓	↑
	Petrol	300	231	269	600	158	↑	↑	↓	↑
Hajja	Red Beans	520	390	348	463	313	↑	↑	—	↑
	Sugar	241	209	220	213	214	—	↑	↑	—
	Wheat Flour	156	151	140	188	137	—	—	↑	↑
	Food Basket	2503	2178	2295	2686	1983	—	—	—	—
	Cooking Gas	3800	3600	3238	7800	1925	—	—	—	↑
	Diesel	225	174	195	519	150	↑	↑	—	↑
	Oil (Vegetable)	386	293	310	369	341	↑	↑	—	—
Ibb	Onion	213	188	273	390	217	↑	↓	↓	—
	Petrol	294	275	311	500	158	—	—	↓	↑
	Red Beans	476	450	463	451	313	—	—	—	↑
	Sugar	203	200	173	180	214	—	↑	↑	—
	Wheat Flour	140	134	140	186	137	—	—	↑	↑
	Food Basket	2134	1983	2132	2648	1983	—	—	—	—
	Cooking Gas	3263	2500	3875	5250	1925	↑	↓	↓	↑
Lahiq	Diesel	186	140	145	359	150	↑	↑	↓	↑
	Oil (Vegetable)	355	288	283	367	341	↑	↑	—	↑
	Onion	194	192	200	481	217	—	—	—	↑
	Petrol	206	185	185	411	158	↑	↑	↓	↑
	Red Beans	506	500	544	520	313	—	—	—	↑
	Sugar	199	210	166	165	214	—	↑	↑	—
	Wheat Flour	144	144	124	182	137	—	↑	↑	—
Mareb	Food Basket	2138	2106	1955	2792	1983	—	—	—	—
	Cooking Gas	4425	2500	3263	7700	1925	↑	↑	↓	↑
	Diesel	269	175	231	500	150	↑	↑	↓	↑
	Oil (Vegetable)	415	319	363	405	341	↑	↑	—	↑
	Onion	283	226	183	288	413	217	↑	↓	↑
	Petrol	306	150	225	404	158	—	—	—	↑
	Red Beans	550	550	494	563	313	—	—	—	↑
Rayma	Sugar	239	206	231	208	214	↑	↑	—	—
	Wheat Flour	162	151	155	212	137	—	—	↑	↑
	Food Basket	2362	2176	2393	3034	1983	—	—	—	—
	Cooking Gas	3750	3500	4150	8050	1925	—	—	—	↑
	Diesel	296	301	300	650	150	—	—	—	↑
	Oil (Vegetable)	511	483	447	600	341	—	—	—	↑
	Onion	273	258	310	495	217	—	—	—	↑
Sa'ada	Petrol	331	334	328	603	158	—	—	—	↑
	Red Beans	498	450	406	583	313	↑	↑	—	↑
	Sugar	239	230	235	259	214	—	—	—	↑
	Wheat Flour	163	165	156	220	137	—	—	↑	↑
	Food Basket	2515	2440	2415	3379	1983	—	—	—	—
	Cooking Gas	4025	2350	3200	11000	1925	↑	↑	↓	↑
	Diesel	263	158	215	554	150	↑	↑	↓	↑
Sana'a city	Oil (Vegetable)	498	394	353	404	341	↑	↑	—	↑
	Onion	258	250	325	355	217	—	—	—	↑
	Petrol	306	225	253	625	158	↑	↑	—	↑

Annex 2: Market Prices by Commodity

Governorate	Commodity	Current Month	Previous Period				Direction of Change				Governorate	Commodity	Current Month	Previous Period				Direction of Change						
			(+/- 5%)		(+/-10%)		(+/-10%)		(+/-10%)					(+/- 5%)		(+/-10%)		(+/-10%)		(+/-10%)				
			I M	3 M	6 M	Pre-Crisis	I M	3 M	6 M	Pre-Crisis				I M	3 M	6 M	Pre-Crisis	I M	3 M	6 M	Pre-Crisis			
Cooking Gas	Abyan	4150	2500	2750	6625	1925	↑	↑	↓	↑	Diesel	Abyan	230	188	150	375	150	↑	↑	↓	↑			
	Addaleh	4700	4450	3625	6500	1925	↑	↑	↓	↑		Addaleh	273	258	225	450	150	↑	↑	↓	↑			
	Aden	3700	2500	3000	6700	1925	↑	↑	↓	↑		Aden	181	150	150	369	150	↑	↑	↓	↑			
	Al Baidha	4300	2775	3300	7500	1925	↑	↑	↓	↑		Al Baidha	268	198	188	450	150	↑	↑	↓	↑			
	Al Hodieda	4175	2900	3325	8000	1925	↑	↑	↓	↑		Al Hodieda	288	220	204	681	150	↑	↑	↓	↑			
	Al Jawf	3550	1813	2615	7525	1925	↑	↑	↓	↑		Al Jawf	238	150	194	551	150	↑	↑	↓	↑			
	Al Maha	3150	2950	3575	5300	1925	↑	↓	↓	↑		Al Maha	169	145	135	344	150	↑	↑	↓	↑			
	Al Mahweet	3475	2500	2750	7675	1925	↑	↑	↓	↑		Al Mahweet	206	145	180	550	150	↑	↑	↓	↑			
	Amran	4250	3825	3125	7500	1925	↑	↑	↓	↑		Amran	276	199	184	550	150	↑	↑	↓	↑			
	Dhamar	3800	3600	3238	7800	1925	↑	↑	↓	↑		Dhamar	225	174	195	519	150	↑	↑	↓	↑			
	Hadramout	3263	2500	3875	7250	1925	↑	↓	↓	↑		Hadramout	186	140	145	359	150	↑	↑	↓	↑			
	Hajja	3825	3475	3588	7800	1925	↑	—	↓	↑		Hajja	276	178	181	625	150	↑	↑	↓	↑			
	Ibb	3763	3163	3263	7700	1925	↑	↑	↓	↑		Ibb	263	250	270	600	150	↑	—	↓	↑			
	Laheg	4000	2800	3650	7000	1925	↑	—	↓	↑		Laheg	200	150	150	365	150	↑	↑	↓	↑			
	Mareb	4425	2500	2938	7000	1925	↑	↑	↓	↑		Mareb	269	175	231	500	150	↑	↑	↓	↑			
	Rayma	3750	3500	4150	8050	1925	↑	—	↓	↑		Rayma	250	199	219	503	150	↑	↑	↓	↑			
	S'aada	4100	3950	3875	8000	1925	—	—	↓	↑		S'aada	296	301	300	650	150	—	—	↓	↑			
	Sana'a	4025	2350	3200	11000	1925	↑	↑	↓	↑		Sana'a	263	158	215	554	150	↑	↑	↓	↑			
	Sana'a city	3950	2475	2875	11300	1925	↑	↑	↓	↑		Sana'a city	269	163	200	600	150	↑	↑	↓	↑			
	Shabwa	3975	4088	3125	7000	1925	—	↑	↓	↑		Shabwa	281	308	180	394	150	↑	↑	↓	↑			
	Soqatra	3650	4350	7000	6550	1925	↓	↓	↓	↑		Soqatra	206	150	150	388	150	↑	↑	↓	↑			
	Taiz	6750	5375	8500	12000	1925	↑	↓	↓	↑		Taiz	365	313	388	900	150	↑	—	↓	↑			
Petrol	Abyan	210	188	150	386	158	↑	↑	↓	↑	Oil (Vegetable)	Abyan	445	290	354	420	341	↑	↑	—	↑			
	Addaleh	325	333	253	373	158	—	↑	↓	↑		Addaleh	403	344	340	525	341	↑	↑	↓	↑			
	Aden	178	150	150	429	158	↑	↑	↓	↑		Aden	391	293	343	450	341	↑	↑	↓	↑			
	Al Baidha	313	246	245	434	158	↑	↑	↓	↑		Al Baidha	413	363	363	429	341	↑	↑	—	↑			
	Al Hodieda	324	250	260	656	158	↑	↑	↓	↑		Al Hodieda	463	324	316	566	341	↑	↑	↓	↑			
	Al Jawf	281	150	213	650	158	↑	↑	↓	↑		Al Jawf	493	419	409	461	341	↑	↑	—	↑			
	Al Maha	176	154	175	403	158	↑	—	↓	↑		Al Maha	339	261	268	360	341	↑	↑	—	↑			
	Al Mahweet	231	180	164	500	158	↑	↑	↓	↑		Al Mahweet	445	289	313	383	341	↑	↑	—	↑			
	Amran	300	231	269	600	158	↑	↑	↓	↑		Amran	515	336	369	371	341	↑	↑	—	↑			
	Dhamar	291	275	311	500	158	↑	—	↓	↑		Dhamar	386	293	310	369	341	↑	↑	—	↑			
	Hadramout	206	185	185	411	158	↑	↑	↓	↑		Hadramout	355	288	283	367	341	↑	↑	—	↑			
	Hajja	314	258	286	600	158	↑	—	↓	↑		Hajja	500	373	372	562	341	↑	↑	↓	↑			
	Ibb	256	186	238	555	158	↑	—	↓	↑		Ibb	426	370	350	405	341	↑	↑	—	↑			
	Laheg	193	150	225	404	158	↑	↓	↓	↑		Laheg	430	296	363	475	341	↑	↑	—	↑			
	Mareb	306	175	219	466	158	↑	—	↓	↑		Mareb	415	319	364	504	341	↑	↑	—	↑			
	Rayma	313	291	320	598	158	↑	—	↓	↑		Rayma	396	374	365	430	341	↑	—	—	↑			
	S'aada	331	334	328	603	158	—	—	↓	↑		S'aada	511	483	447	600	341	↑	↑	↓	↑			
	Sana'a	306	225	253	625	158	↑	↑	↓	↑		Sana'a	498	394	353	404	341	↑	↑	—	↑			
	Sana'a city	313	231	220	650	158	↑	↑	↓	↑		Sana'a city	501	395	346	390	341	↑	↑	—	↑			
	Shabwa	306	293	238	338	158	—	↑	—	↑		Shabwa	370	314	350	427	341	—	—	—	↑			
	Soqatra	235	250	150	380	158	↓	↑	↓	↑		Soqatra	380	313	314	450	341	↑	↑	↓	↑			
	Taiz	419	350	450	800	158	↑	—	↓	↑		Taiz	559	450	484	709	341	↑	↑	—	↑			
Red Beans	Abyan	483	400	400	481	313	↑	↑	—	↑	Onion	Abyan	230	188	200	495	217	↑	↑	—	—			
	Addaleh	528	510	508	530	313	—	—	—	↑		Addaleh	310	338	405	450	217	↑	↑	—	↑			
	Aden	488	400	400	533	313	↑	↑	—	↑		Aden	210	150	188	383	217	↑	↑	—	↑			
	Al Baidha	530	494	325	450	313	↑	↑	—	↑		Al Baidha	295	285	300	363	217	—	—	—	↑			
	Al Hodieda	510	395	420	545	313	↑	↑	—	↑		Al Hodieda	259	210	200	400	217	↑	↑	—	↑			
	Al Jawf	504	456	491	486	313	↑	—	—	↑		Al Jawf	258	219	348	403	217	↑	↑	—	↑			
	Al Maha	450	413	500	518	313	↑	—	—	↑		Al Maha	278	163	150	503	217	↑	↑	—	↑			
	Al Mahweet	468	425	413	453	313	↑	↑	—	↑		Al Mahweet	255	250	248	288	217	—	—	—	↑			
	Amran	520	390	348	463	313	↑	↑	—	↑		Amran	280	250	375	368	217	↑	↑	—	↑			
	Dhamar	476	450	463	451	313	↑	—	—	↑		Dhamar	213	188	273	390	217	↑	↑	—	↑			
	Hadramout	506	500	544	520	313	—	—	—	—		Hadramout	194	192	200	481	217	—	—	—	↑			
	Hajja	465	350	350	578	313	↑	↑	—	↑		Hajja	260	245	313	400	217	↑	↑	—	↑			
	Ibb	500	475	473	480	313	↑	—	—	↑		Ibb	209	161	143	420	217	↑	↑	—	↑			
	Laheg	550	550	494	563	313	—	↑	—	↑		Laheg	226	183	288	413	217	↑	↑	—	↑			
	Mareb	493	450	506	583	313	↑	—	—	↑		Mareb	283	2										