



Photo: WFP/George Fominyen

WFP South Sudan Situation Report #143

13 September 2016

In Numbers

1.61 million internally displaced people ([OCHA est.](#))

788,134 South Sudanese refugees ([UNHCR est.](#))

169,418 people seeking shelter with the UN ([UNMISS est.](#))

4.8 million people in emergency or crisis level food insecurity ([IPC, May - July 2016](#))

Highlights

- Tax exemption for humanitarian food supplies received and will facilitate movement of trucks stranded at Uganda border.
- IRRM teams distribute 150,000mt of food assistance, providing support to over 1.4 million people affected by conflict.

Highlights

- On 6 September, after more than one month, WFP received tax exemption papers from the Government of South Sudan. These papers will facilitate the delivery of over 700mt of food commodities—including essential nutrition supplies—from the trucks stranded at the Nimule border crossing.
- Following the [visit of the Security Council](#) to South Sudan last week, the Government of South Sudan has agreed to the deployment of a regional protection force, the details of which remain to be negotiated.
- Escalating violence in and around Yei, Central Equatoria, has affected markets and livelihood activities and has led to population displacements from the town and surrounding rural areas. WFP participated in an OCHA led Inter-Agency assessment mission to Yei to evaluate the humanitarian situation and to determine what level of support is required. Preliminary analysis shows that populations that remain in the town and surrounding area, due to limitations on movement and escalating violence and insecurity, face increased challenges. Food is still available in markets but there is concern of a deterioration in food security and nutrition should the situation become prolonged.
- Since the inception of the Integrated Rapid Response Mechanism (IRRM) 2.5 years ago, teams have deployed for 400 missions in deep field locations in South Sudan and have reached 1.4 million people with life-saving food assistance, amounting to 150,000mt of food and nutrition commodities.

WFP's Activities

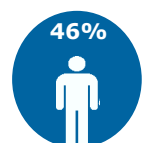


Food Assistance

- For the Phase III response in Northern Bahr el Ghazal, through which WFP seeks to assist over 840,000 people, 724,000 people have received assistance, including 609,000 people who have received a 45 day food ration and 115,000 people who have been assisted through food assistance for assets (FFA) programmes. Alongside general food distributions, 47,000 children aged 6-59 months and 21,000 pregnant/nursing mothers have received SuperCereal+, a fortified corn soya blend for the treatment and prevention of moderate acute malnutrition (MAM).
- This month, WFP plans to conduct an urban food security analysis in Juba. The results will help to inform the urban cash assistance pilot planned for November through which approximately 45,000 people will receive food assistance for participation in skills training programmes, such as nutrition, health, urban agriculture, and entrepreneurship/marketing.
- IRRM missions are on-going in 14 deep field locations to provide life-saving assistance to over 382,000 people in Jonglei, Northern Bahr el Ghazal, Unity and Upper Nile states.
- Based on food security and nutrition data, 27 counties in South Sudan have been classified as priority one, requiring frequent intervention. However, due to logistics constraints, further prioritization to reach populations most at risk of emergency and catastrophe (IPC phase 4/5) levels of food insecurity will be required.

Beneficiaries

(July 2016)





- Insecurity along the Nimule-Juba road persists. WFP has instructed its transporters to move in convoys limiting movement to the hours of 8:00—17:00.
- Flight safety assurances (FSA) have become mandatory for airdrops in Northern Bahr el Ghazal. WFP has submitted the request for FSAs and expects to receive these in the course of this week, after which air operations in Northern Bahr el Ghazal, which have been on hold since 3 September, will continue.
- Airdrops of food assistance in Northern Bahr el Ghazal have delivered 2,520mt of life-saving food commodities to severely food insecure populations to date. In other drop sites, operations remained unhindered until the FSA requirement was issued.
- Efforts are ongoing to establish a drop site near Bentiu in order to commence airdrops of commodities required in October for distribution in Bentiu town and the Bentiu Protection of Civilian (PoC) site.
- Clearances for barge movement ex-Bor to Malakal and ex-Malakal to Bor are pending. Loading in Bor for September and October requirements in Malakal is ongoing.
- Convoy 20 ex-Kosti to Renk, loaded with 1,000mt of cereals, departed on 06 September. Commodities will be immediately distributed for Renk & Melut operations. **WFP requires US \$1.7 million** to rehabilitate the Kosti-Joba (Sudan) road as agreed in the Memorandum of Understanding between WFP, Sudan and South Sudan, otherwise access through the vital northern corridor will be lost after December 2016.

Clusters and Special Operations

UN Humanitarian Air Service

- In the past week UNHAS transported 1,334 passengers and 27.2mt of light humanitarian cargo. The number of passengers transported each week continues to increase as aid workers return to South Sudan. UNHAS has reached about 70 percent of its pre-crisis performance level.
- Two flights were performed during the week to facilitate the Inter-Agency rapid needs assessment mission to Yei. The team, led by OCHA, were deployed with 500kg of emergency medical supplies. Similarly, UNHAS facilitated the special mission of UNESCO and government partners to Aweil.
- UNHAS continues to support IOM's deployment of Displacement Tracking Matrix (DTM) teams from Rubkona to Nhialdu. The DTM teams are implementing digital registration of the displaced population across South Sudan.
- Four medical evacuations were accommodated on UNHAS regular flights out of Mingkaman, Aweil, Maban and Rumbek on behalf of four agencies. UNHAS also facilitated the reunification of twelve children with families in Malakal and Rubkona on behalf of UNICEF.
- Team deployments of WFP and Cooperating partners' IRRM teams were facilitated by UNHAS to Jazeera, Juaibor, Kuernyang, Ruathnyibol, Thanyang, Tonga, Wangkay and Wathjack.
- UNHAS has not been able to serve Kapoeta in the past weeks due to ongoing repairs at the airstrip. Flights will be resumed when the local authorities complete the repairs.

Logistics Cluster

- Over the past week, the Logistics Cluster coordinated the delivery of over 110mt of humanitarian relief items to Akobo, Aweil, Dablual, Ganyiel, Keew, Kodok, Malakal, Mathiang, Nyal, Paloich, Poktap, Rubkhona, Wau Shiluk on behalf of ten organizations.
- The Logistics Cluster continues to support the emergency response in Northern Bahrel Ghazal. This week 24mt of WASH cargo were delivered to Aweil, on behalf of UNICEF.
- The Logistics Cluster supported humanitarian actors with cargo movement from the temporary dispatch hub in Juba. In the past week, 87mt of cargo was transported via the fixed-wing aircraft on behalf of five organizations.
- The most recent Logistics Cluster access constraints map can be found at the following link: <http://www.logcluster.org/map/south-sudan-access-constraints-map-1-september-2016>.

Food Security & Livelihoods Cluster (FSLC)

- The FSLC is working with partners to identify gaps in programming in areas affected by the recent crisis, particularly the Equatorial States.
- The Cluster Coordinator is meeting with key NGO partners to better understand their capacity to scale up activities, particularly on relief programming to supplement WFP's pipeline, as needs have significantly increased in areas where emergency programming was previously not the priority.



Emergency Telecommunications

Cluster (ETC)

- The ETC is relocating the UNDSS communication center from UN House to a more secure location as an outcome of lessons learned from the July conflict in Juba.
- An additional 35 radios were programmed for WFP, as part of the continuous effort to improve the security telecommunications and safety of staff in Juba.
- The Humanitarian Internet Service in Malakal has installed a Speednet Box, equipment that will enhance the internet connection speed for humanitarian workers.
- Recruitment of additional radio telecom assistants is ongoing to fill the staffing requirements for 24/7 operations at communication centers in state capitals.



Feeder Roads

- Works are continuing on nine structures on Juba-Kajo –Keji road. The project is now forecast to be completed in November 2016.

WFP Operations in South Sudan			
	2016 Requirements (in USD)	6 Months Net Funding Requirements (September 2016-February 2017) (in USD)	People Reached (July 2016)
EMOP 200859 (Oct 2015—Sept 2016)	424.4 million	95.3 million	738,566
PRRO 200572 (Jan 2014—Dec 2016)	277 million	17.7 million	1,017,508
SO 200775 Food Security and Livelihoods Cluster (Jan 2015—Dec 2016)	585,000	0	N/A
SO 200778 Logistics Cluster (Jan 2015—Dec 2016)	36.2 million	10 million	N/A
SO 200931 ETC (Jan-Dec 2016)	663,000	0	N/A
SO 200786 UNHAS (Jan 2015—Dec 2016)	58.6 million	15.5 million	N/A
The Feeder Roads Special Operation has a total budget of US\$167.3 million, with a shortfall of US\$70.4 million.			

2016 WFP South Sudan donors (listed alphabetically)*:



*Includes donors that provided multi-year funding continuing in 2016
Not included: UN CHF, World Bank and Private Donors

Contacts

- **Anna Soper**, Reports Officer anna.soper@wfp.org
- **George Fominyen**, Communications Officer george.fominyen@wfp.org