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World Food Programme



# WFP South Sudan Situation Report #152

19 November 2016

## In Numbers

**1.87 million** internally displaced people ([OCHA](#) est.)

**1,221,084** South Sudanese refugees ([UNHCR](#) est.)

**204,520** people seeking shelter with the UN ([UNMISS](#) est.)

**3.6 million** people facing acute food insecurity from October-December (WFP est.)

## Highlights

- WFP’s Executive Board approved a budget revision for the PRRO, through which WFP aims to assist 1.1 million South Sudanese in 2017.
- South Sudanese continue to flee to neighbouring Uganda amidst ongoing fighting in Equatorias.
- 1.6 million people received food and nutrition assistance last month.

## Highlights

- At the recent session of WFP’s Executive Board, a budget revision was approved for the Protracted Relief and Recovery Operation (PRRO). Through the PRRO, WFP seeks to provide food assistance to 1.1 million people focussing on refugee populations and areas in the country that are more stable, where opportunities exist for transition and recovery activities: food assistance for assets (FFA), Purchase for Progress (P4P) and school meals. The PRRO will be implemented alongside the Emergency Operation (EMOP) which seeks to provide life saving food assistance to 3 million people.
- The number of South Sudanese refugees arriving in Uganda remains high as fighting in the Equatorias region continues. According to UNHCR, more than 44,000 new arrivals from South Sudan have been recorded in the first two weeks of November. Most recently, the majority of people are arriving from Yei, Morobo, Lainya, Kajo Keji and the surrounding areas of Central Equatoria. There are now more than 1.2 million refugees from South Sudan and more than 1.8 million people are internally displaced.
- In October, WFP provided assistance to 1.6 million people across South Sudan. Food distributions were less than planned largely as a result of commodity shortfalls and insecurity in areas where distributions were planned. Of the people who received food assistance, 54 percent were female. In addition to food transfers, WFP also provided cash based transfers amounting to US\$ 1.9 million. This month, WFP aims to assist 2.9 million people through general food distributions, nutrition interventions, school meals, and livelihoods activities.

## WFP’s Activities

### Assessments

- WFP is undertaking numerous studies to look at the changing food and nutrition security situation in the country as well as the functionality of markets in the Greater Bahr el Ghazal region. Training of enumerators prior to data collection is ongoing for the Food Security and Nutrition Monitoring System (FSNMS) and the Integrated Food and Nutrition Security Causal Analysis (IFANSCA) while teams are already in Northern Bahr el Ghazal and Warrap states to look at the possibility of scaling up cash based transfers.



### Food Assistance

- There are four ongoing Integrated Rapid Response Mechanism (IRRM) missions in Kaikuny, Old Fangak (Jonglei), Ganyiel (Unity) and Dome (Upper Nile) where teams are providing assistance to 127,000 people. In the coming weeks, IRRM teams will be deployed to nine locations in the Greater Upper Nile region, in addition to a mission that is planned in Ngoku, south west of Wau (Western Bahr el Ghazal), early next week.
- The phase IV response in Northern Bahr el Ghazal is ongoing though there was a slight disruption in air deliveries as additional crowd control measures at the drop zone were put in place. WFP aims to assist 505,000 people as part of the response.

## Beneficiaries

(October 2016)





- In advance of the 2017 prepositioning exercise, WFP is planning test convoys through access routes that have not been used during the rainy season or where insecurity has limited road movements. The first test convoy of 10 trucks from Juba to Wau reached safely without any significant incidents. Additional test convoys are planned to Eastern Equatoria, Northern Bahr el Ghazal and Warrap states.
- Airdrops of assistance in Northern Bahr el Ghazal are ongoing to meet urgent needs. So far 1,400mt have been delivered by air, leaving a balance of 2,800mt.
- Loading of food commodities and Logistics Cluster non-food items is ongoing on the barge set destined for Malakal. The barge has an expected departure date of 1 December.
- Dispatches of commodities by boat from Gambella (Ethiopia) to assist population in Jikmir, Makak and Mandeng are ongoing.

## Clusters and Special Operations



### UN Humanitarian Air Service (UNHAS)

- Over the past week, UNHAS transported 1,839 passengers and 29mt of light humanitarian cargo. Cargo movement has significantly increased after the conflict in July as agencies intensify efforts to move relief materials to the affected population.
- Seven medical evacuations and eight security relocations were facilitated on UNHAS regular flights for three agencies from Agok, Rumbek, Yambio, Mingkaman and Wau. A special flight was launched on Sunday to facilitate a medevac from Wau to Juba.
- UNHAS also facilitated the evacuation of 19 NGO staff from Jazeera to Bentiu.
- Charter flights were facilitated to Toch, Doreg and Gorwai, transporting 4.5mt of humanitarian cargo.
- IRRM team deployments were supported to Yei, Jikmir, Mandeng, Nyal, Haat, Luil, Pathai, Lankien and Oriny.



### Logistics Cluster

- This week the Logistics Cluster coordinated the delivery of over 144mt of humanitarian relief items to Bor, Ganyiel, Kodok, Malakal, Motot, Paloich, Rubkona and Walgak on behalf of 11 organizations.
- In the upcoming week, the Logistics Cluster will be supporting mobile response missions to Makak, Jikmir, and Mandeng by delivering cargo in support of the Nutrition sector.
- The most recent Access Constraints Map is available at the following link: <http://www.logcluster.org/map/south-sudan-access-constraints-map-11-november-2016>.



### Food Security & Livelihoods Cluster (FSLC)

- The FSLC has recommended the inclusion of 74 partner proposals in the 2017 Humanitarian Response Plan (HRP). During the review of proposals it was noted that the distribution of partners needs to be managed with the Cluster lead agencies to ensure that partner operations are aligned with needs throughout the country; there is an obvious concentration of partners in some states while others are left with few implementing organizations.



### Emergency Telecommunications Cluster (ETC)

- Nothing significant to report.



### Feeder Roads

- Nothing significant to report.

<b>WFP Operations in South Sudan</b>			
	<b>2017 Requirements</b> (in USD)	<b>6 Months Net Funding Requirements (November 2016—April 2017)</b> (in USD)	<b>People Reached</b> (October 2016)
<b>EMOP 200859</b> (Oct 2015—Sept 2017)	710 million	220 million	1,052,297
<b>PRRO 200572</b> (Jan 2014—Dec 2017)	190 million	28 million	529,764
<b>SO 200775 Food Security and Livelihoods Cluster</b> (Jan 2015—Dec 2016)	585,000	0	N/A
<b>SO 200778 Logistics Cluster</b> (Jan 2015—Dec 2016)	26.2 million	8 million	N/A
<b>SO 200931 ETC</b> (Jan-Dec 2016)	663,000	0	N/A
<b>SO 200786 UNHAS</b> (Jan 2015—Dec 2016)	58.6 million	13 million	N/A
The Feeder Roads Special Operation has a total budget of US\$167.3 million, with a shortfall of US\$70.4 million.			

**2016 WFP South Sudan donors (listed alphabetically)\*:**



\*Includes donors that provided multi-year funding continuing in 2016  
Not included: UN CHF, World Bank and Private Donors

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