



WFP/Maud Faud

# Yemen

## Situation Report #32

01 June-15 June 2017

### Highlights

### In Numbers

**18.8 million** (72 percent of population) in need of humanitarian assistance *2017 Yemen Humanitarian Response Plan*

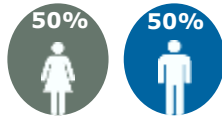
**17 million** food insecure, including **6.8 million** severely food insecure *Integrated Food Security Phase Classification (IPC) March 2017*

**2 million** internally displaced and 1 million returnees *HCT Task Force on Population Movement, 12th Report, January 2017*

**185,958** refugee and migrant arrivals in Yemen from the Horn of Africa (31 March 2017) *Yemen Regional Refugee and Migrant Response Plan/UNHCR*

- As of 15 June, WFP Yemen is only 26 percent funded for 2017 activities for June 2017. Based on current funding levels, if full entitlements are provided, as per the EMOP plan, WFP will have 70 percent of the commodities necessary for in-kind assistance for July and August and then will experience a full pipeline break for in-kind activities in September 2017 while voucher activities will have a complete pipeline break by the end of June 2017. Even with the existing targeting strategy, the pipeline for commodity vouchers will break in August 2017 and for in-kind and nutrition support in September 2017.
- Yemen remains on the grip of an unprecedented cholera outbreak, affecting over 151,400 people in 20 governorates, WFP, in partner with the Ministry of Public Health and Planning (MOPHP), will support a trial food assistance programme for 254 suspected cholera victims. WFP has also agreed with the MOPHP to supply Plumpy'Sup to patients in addition to one-week take home entitlement to support recovery from cholera.

People assisted -  
June 2017



### Funding Requirements

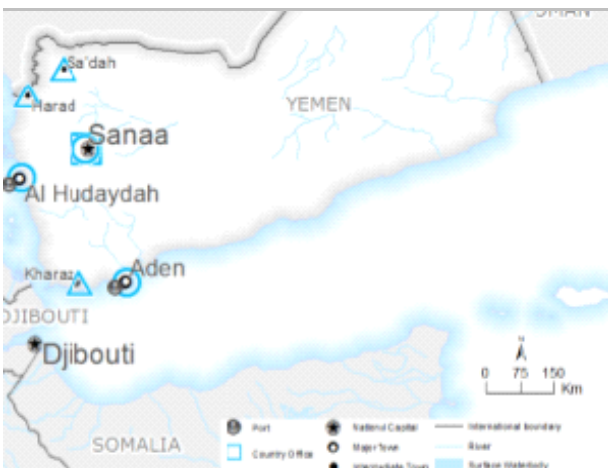
EMOP 201068 **USD 456 million**  
(Net requirement for July— Dec 2017)

SO 200845 (UNHAS) **USD 10.25 million**  
(funding requirements—June -Dec 2017)

SO 200841 (Logistics and ETC) **USD 9.86 million**  
(funding requirements June —Dec

### Situation Update

- At a U.N. Security Council meeting on Yemen 30 May, the U.N. Special Envoy outlined his plan to avert a possible attack on Al Hudaydah port. At the same time, the U.N. system in Yemen has developed a contingency plan for the scenario of an attack on the port. Under the leadership of OCHA, cluster leads discussed this plan with authorities in Hodeidah.
- On the 08 June, a WFP food distribution point (FDP) was partially destroyed by an airstrike, which damaged 137 bags of wheat-flour, 3 bags of sugar, 3 bags of pulses and 4 vegetable oil cartons. WFP, with cooperating partners, is currently investigating the situation and will work with cooperating partners to ensure that FDPs are designated as non-target areas for all parties to the conflict.
- During the recent WFP Executive Board, WFP Representative Yemen was joined by UN Resident and Humanitarian Coordinator Yemen, Mr. Jamie McGoldrick, and Deputy Minister of Planning and International Cooperation, Yemen, Dr. Nazar Basuhaib. Dr. Basuhaib delivered a speech at the Executive Board on the four global famines, highlighting the significant impact of food insecurity throughout Yemen.
- Further to the approval in May by the UNHAS Steering Committee on the addition of an aircraft for UNHAS operations, the addition of an aircraft was officially approved the 13 June, and will be based in Amman starting the 01 July. This will enable WFP to increase humanitarian flights to Yemen to four times per week. This will provide the humanitarian community increased access to Yemen and will enable more emergency cargo to enter into the country.



### Yemen Emergency Response

Photo: A child receives nutrition support through WFP's Target Supplementary Feeding Programme

## WFP Response (in May)



**General food assistance (GFA):** As of 15 June, 2,344,832 people are confirmed to have received emergency in-kind food assistance in 18 governorates (38 percent achieved against the target of 6.1 million for this month). When compared to 15 May, WFP has increased its distribution by 47 percent and reached six more governorates from 01-15 June 2017.

**Commodity Vouchers through Traders Network (CV-TN):** In May 2017, 819,096 people (136,516 households confirmed to have redeemed their vouchers in the governorates of Amanat Al Asimah, Hodeidah, Sana'a and Taizz (94 percent achieved against the target of 870,468).

**Nutrition:** In May 2017, WFP implemented its Targeted Supplementary Feeding Programme (TSFP) activities to treat moderate acute malnutrition for 19,450 children 6 to 59 months (27 percent of planned) and 15,917 pregnant and nursing women (35 percent of planned) in 464 health facilities and 96 mobile clinics in 12 governorates. To date in 2017, a total of 130,034 children and 78,012 women have been admitted into WFP supported TSFPs. The achievements reflect access constraints due to conflict-restricted reach and demotivated health workers who have not received government salaries since last year. In the same month, 258 children 6-23 months were newly admitted into the WFP Blanket Supplementary Feeding Programme for a total of 65,595 children who receive this assistance each month to prevent acute and chronic malnutrition. WFP and UNICEF will jointly implement a CMAM scale-up plan and address bottlenecks in programme implementation to achieve the required level of coverage.

**Monitoring:** In the reporting period, WFP staff implemented 22 monitoring missions while the beneficiary hotline, launched in October 2016, continues to be a critical tool for obtaining information from beneficiaries. Since its launch, it has received a total of 3,785 calls. The majority of the calls concerned CV-TN and GFD (in-kind.)

**Logistics:** For 5 days, between the 31 May-04 June WFP MV Mukaranas to sail from Al Hudaydah to Djibouti. This is the first time that a WFP chartered vessel was blocked at Al

Hudaydah port after discharging WFP humanitarian cargo.

As of 14 June, vessels will no longer be granted clearance for Ras Issa port. All vessels en-route to this port, therefore, are being diverted to Al Hudaydah port.

## Clusters



**Food Security Cluster** According to the May 2017 [Yemen Market Watch](#), the supply and availability of food and fuel commodities continued to be scarce across most governorates in Yemen and the cost of the minimum food basket continued to rise. In addition, the majority of poor families are no longer able to afford to buy basic food items, as since income opportunities diminished in May 2017 and coping strategies eroded.



**Logistics Cluster** According to the data compiled by the Logistics Cluster, commercial imports of food increased by 35 percent in May– 255,598 mt food was imported in May against 89,700 mt in March). The Logistics Cluster also facilitated the distribution of 86,290 liters of fuel in May– as compared to 143,268 liters in April 2017 (a 60 percent decrease.) The logistics cluster also augmented its activities to support the cholera response during this period by transporting 52 mt of relief items for WHO and UNICEF by sea, 87 mt of stock were stored for WHO and 10 mt were transported by land.

## Resourcing Update

WFP thanks private donors in addition to the following donors for their contributions to EMOP 201068:



## Contacts

**WFP Country Director:** Stephen Anderson  
(stephen.anderson@wfp.org)

**Operational Information Management Officer:** Laura Lee Morris  
(Lauralee.morris@wfp.org)

### WFP Operations in Yemen

	Project Duration	Planned number of people	Total requirements (in USD)	Total re-ceived (in USD)	People Assisted per month by WFP	
					Targeted	Reached
EMOP 201068	Apr 17–Mar 18	9,100,000 per month	xxx (net 6-month requirement, June–Nov 2017)	232m (for entire project duration)	May GFD : 6.06 million May CVTN: 870,468 June GFD : 6.1 million June CVTN: 870,468	May GFD (3,663,100) May CVTN (819,096) June GFD: 2,344,832* June CVTN : 7,194  *Figure as of 15 June
SO 200841	Apr 15–Dec 17	—	9.86 m (June–Dec 2017)	37.7m	—	—
SO 200845	May 15–Dec 17	—	10.25 m (June–Dec 2017)	12.96 m	—	—